OFFICIAL REPORT.
George P. Rowell & Co., the leading authority on newspaper information, says:
"THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL, published at Fort Wayne, Ind., has the highest circulation rating accorded to any daily in Indiana, outside of Indianapolis."

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833. WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1894. PRICE TWO CENTS.

A YANKEE IN GRAY
Every Friday—If you want something good, Read It!

GLOVE DEPARTMENT.

Most persons know that in the manufacture of Silk Fabrics there is to much of the weighting process—that is by the introduction of Foreign substances, the weight of the original fabric is in many instances doubled. The material is much heavier but is sure to cut and weaken and prove unsatisfactory to the consumer, which reflects injuriously upon the seller. Three years ago we began to sell

Pure Dye Gloves and Mits,

which have given satisfaction to our trade.

GEO. DeWALD & CO.

Something You Want For

—SPRING—

Soft or Stiff Hat, Negligee Shirt, Balbriggan Underwear, Half Hose, Neck Ties, Collars and Cuffs, Suspenders, Hose Supporters, Night Shirts, Pajamas, Umbrellas, Mackintoshes, etc, etc.

All these Goods you can get of us in the very latest designs at very

—LOW PRICES—

WM. MEYER & BRO.

Rooms 5 and 7 Arcade.

They Wanted Fast Time

—AND TOOK—

Rambler Bicycles.

On April 20th, the bicyle riders of the University of Pennsylvania ran trials to pick a team to send to Princeton races. Five riders qualified, two of them had No. 9 Ramblers and qualified on their own machines. The other three had '94 racing machines of other makes, but they all borrowed RAMBLERS to get within the TIME limit.

If you want to win, Ride a Rambler.

A. C. Katt Sells Them.

Watch This Space Tomorrow.

J. G. THIEME & SON.

FINE TAILORING !

Call and Examine Our stock And get

OUR PRICES !

Suits from $20 to $50.

Trousers from $5 to $13.

Corner Columbia and Clinton Streets.

OAKLEY IS MAYOR.

W. T. Jeffries Elected City Clerk.

Republicans Capture the Two Principal Offices.

The Democrats Elect Nine Out of Fifteen Councilmen

And Also the Three Members of the Water Works Board.

The Dissatisfaction of Democrats Leads to the Defeat of Their Mayoralty Candidate—The Vote in Detail.

The municipal campaign that closed in this city last evening with the casting of the last vote in the different precincts was the most exciting that has ever been held in Fort Wayne, for it was a hotly contested one and disastrous to the democratic party. Their candidates for mayor and city clerk were defeated by large majorities, but they elect the three members of the board of water works and nine of the fifteen members of the city council.

The day was a grand one as far as the weather was concerned and the vote polled a large one, but dissatisfaction existed in the ranks of the democracy on account of the fraud practiced at the primaries a few weeks ago, and other causes, and as a consequence hundreds of democrats voted the republican ticket and many others voted for the republican candidates for mayor and city clerk.

By 9 o'clock the returns began to come in and the first precincts indicated large gains and large majorities for Colonel Oakley, the candidate for mayor. As they were received at the various places down town, where they were read, great crowds gathered and the excitement was most intense, exceeding in interest and demonstration any election returns ever received in this city, not excepting presidential campaigns.

In front of the republican headquarters, on East Berry street, a crowd of a thousand or more stood in the street until nearly midnight, listening to the returns as they were read from the windows of the republican headquarters and cheer after cheer rent the night air as they universally, almost, showed gains for Oakley. At the Gazette office, a little further down the street, another immense crowd was gathered and other places in the city were also thronged.

When Colonel Oakley's election was assured the crowd went wild and were enthusiastic and loud in their demonstrations, cheering and parading the streets with horns and other instruments calculated to make a noise and this wild joy was kept up until long after midnight.

The vote in detail from the different precincts in the city is as follows:

FOR MAYOR.

The vote in detail for mayor is as follows:

First Ward—Shambaugh, 354; Oakley, 362.

Second Ward—Shambaugh, 353; Oakley, 290.

Third Ward—Shambaugh, 287; Oakley, 310.

Fourth Ward—Shambaugh, 328; Oakley, 377.

Fifth Ward—Shambaugh, 430; Oakley, 698.

Sixth Ward—Shambaugh, 401; Oakley, 528.

Seventh Ward—Shambaugh, 369; Oakley, 321.

Eighth Ward—Shambaugh, 604; Oakley, 591.

Ninth Ward—Shambaugh, 348; Oakley, 478.

Tenth Ward—Shambaugh, 309; Oakley, 401.

Total—Shambaugh, (dem.) 3,873; Oakley, (rep.) 4,346; Carl, (peo.) 237; Kelley, (ind.) 90. Oakley's plurality, 473.

FOR CLERK.

First Ward—Reinewald, 328; Jeffries, 339.

Second Ward—Reinewald, 332; Jeffries, 296.

Third Ward—Reinewald, 265; Jeffries, 324.

Fourth Ward—(two precincts)—Reinewald, 232; Jeffries, 282.

Fifth Ward—Reinewald, 449; Jeffries, 631.

Sixth Ward—Reinewald, 389; Jeffries, 497.

Seventh Ward—Reinewald, 349; Jeffries, 297.

Eighth Ward—Reinewald, 594; Jeffries, 528.

Ninth Ward—Reinewald, 343; Jeffries, 455.

Tenth Ward—Reinewald, 406; Jeffries, 373.

Total—Reinewald, 3,687; Jeffries, 4,025; Lonergan, (peo.) 427; Jeffries' plurality, 338.

FOR WATER WORKS TRUSTEE.

McCulloch, (dem.) 4,003; Graffe, (dem) 3,844. Bittler, (dem) 3,968; Moesman, (rep.) 3,734; Haberkorn, (rep) 3,805; Cox, (rep) 3,660. Orr, (peo) 310; Haines, (peo.) 264; Lindeman, (peo) 420.

Pluralities—McCulloch, 203; Graffe, 39; Bittler, 163.

FOR COUNCILMAN-AT-LARGE.

Grieble, (dem) 3,955; Mohr, (dem) 3,895; Fisher, (dem.) 3,947; McDonald, (dem) 3,947; Waltemath (dem.) 3,885. Huiber, (rep.) 3,731; DeVilbiss, (rep.) 3,707; Newton, (rep) 3,674; Pettit, (rep.) 3,709; Tapp, (rep.) 3,689.

Rapp, (peo) 291; Sweeny, (peo.) 297; Curry, (peo) 274; Berning (peo.) 292; Harrison, (peo) 290.

The democratic pluralities over Pettit, who received the highest number of republican votes, are as follows:

Griebel, 246; Mohr, 116; Fisher, 178; McDonald, 178; Walteruuth, 116.

VOTE FOR COUNCILMEN.

The vote for councilmen was as follows:

First Ward—Tigar (dem.), 385; Buck (rep.), 328. Tigar's majority, 57.

Second Ward—Sommers (dem.), 345; Hartwig (rep.), 304. Sommers' majority, 41.

Third Ward—Eggeman (dem.), 268; Loesch (rep), 319; Tatten (peo.), 16. Loesch's plurality, 51.

Fourth Ward—Two precincts only, gave Trauerman, (dem), 236, Kelker, (rep.), 260. Kelker elected, but plurality not reported.

Fifth Ward—Buck (dem.), 486; Hild (rep.), 609; Wiegman (peo.), 46. Hild's plurality, 123.

Sixth Ward—Conroy (dem.), 386; Glenn (rep), 501; Tiernan (peo.), 40; Glenn's plurality, 115.

Seventh Ward—Scheid (dem.), 339; Judy (rep), 297; Dorriot (peo), 57; Scheid's plurality, 42.

Eighth Ward—Hartman (dem), 550; Wolf (rep.), 594; McLeish (peo), 48; Wolf's plurality, 44.

Ninth Ward—Wagner (dem.), 192; Young (rep), 315; Young's plurality, 123.

Tenth Ward—Borkenstein (dem.), 372; Jones (rep.), 370; Koch (peo.), 93; Borkenstein's plurality, 2

INDIANA ELECTIONS.

Bluffton Goes Republican for the First Time.

As Does Nearly Every Other City Heard From—Here's the List.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 2—Municipal elections were held throughout Indiana yesterday, the only cities not voting being Indianapolis and Evansville, which operate under special charters. Terre Haute elects the whole republican ticket by majorities ranging from 900 to 1,500, a republican gain on mayoralty of 880. Union City gives the usual republican majority. Bedford gives a clean sweep for the republicans. South Bend, usually democratic, goes republican on the entire ticket by 150. Goshen gives a clean sweep, with republican majorities of from 80 to 300. It is usually democratic. At Valparaiso, where the democrats had a majority of 100 two years ago, republican majorities range from 76 to 300. At Kokomo the republicans win by largely increased majorities. Brazil, usually close, goes republican. Lawrenceburg, usually democratic, elects the entire republican ticket and three out of five councilmen. Laporte and Michigan City, usually democratic, both go heavily republican. Richmond elects all republicans by increased majorities, as does Frankfort, Anderson, Muncie, Elwood and Marion; and all the gas belt cities show increased republican majorities. New Albany, usually 1,000 democratic, elects every republican, but one councilman, and Seymour, another democratic stronghold, goes republican. Lafayette goes republican with a gain of 500.

GOSHEN, Ind., May 1.—Immense republican gains, elected the entire ticket by majorities ranging from 80 to 300. The following is the successful ticket: Mayor, Dr. H. J. Heatwole; treasurer, E. C. Wilson; marshal, John Rigney; clerk, J. B. Leaming; water trustee, Richard Dugdale; councilmen, W. C. Hoffer, John Slaughter, William Willhide, George Lamb. Many democrats could not be pursuaded to go to the polls. Dr. J. H. Heatwole's majority for mayor was 323, the leargest majority ever given a mayor in the city.

VALPARAISO, May 2.—The republicans elected the following ticket: Mayor, Colonel Sumar; treasurer, C. W. Bartholomew; clerk, Joseph Holliday. The democrats elected Marshal William Sergeant.

RICHMOND, Ind., May 2.—The republicans elected a full city ticket here as follows: Mayor, J. F. Ostrander; clerk, J. H. Winder; treasurer, Gib Scott. Ostrander's majority, 1,370, is the largest any candidate for that office has ever received here.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., May 2.—The city election resulted in the election of Noah Justice, republican, for mayor by over 500 majority. The balance of the republican ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 300 to 600. The republicans also elected five out of seven councilmen, which gives them a majority in the council.

GARRETT, Ind., May 2—At the election held in this city the republicans elected C. W. Camp, mayor; Dr. G. A. Clevenger, councilman Second ward, W. J. Martin, clerk.

KOKOMO, Ind., May 2.—In a total vote of 2,300 the republicans of this city elected everything except one councilman by largely increased majorities. A B. Kirkpatrick was chosen mayor. The contest was on local issues.

MARION, Ind., May 2.—The republicans made a clean sweep here, electing their entire ticket by majorities ranging from 550 to 850. This is a gain of 200 over the last election. The vote was short, but 3,000 out of 4,000 votes being polled.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., May 2.—The municipal election was quiet, a heavy vote being polled. The republicans carried everything.

COLUMBIA CITY, Ind., May 2.—The democrats elected their entire city ticket. The republicans gained one councilman.

ELKHART, Ind., May 1.—All the precincts have not been heard from here, but six of the twelve give Sykes, republican candidate for mayor, 300 majority, and it is estimated that the remaining precincts will bring his majority up to 500.

DELPHI, Ind., May 2.—The election here was warmly contested and full vote was cast. The republicans elect mayor, clerk, treasurer and one councilman. The democrats elect two councilmen, making the council a tie with a republican mayor. The vote for marshal is a tie.

MARTINSVILLE, Ind., May 2.—The Republicans elected mayor, clerk, treasurer, marshal, and councilmen in all the wards except the second by majorities ranging from 19 to 325.

KENDALLVILLE, Ind., May 2.—The Republicans elected their entire city ticket by 157 majority.

BLOOMINGTON, Ind., May 2.—The election resulted in a complete victory for the republicans, every officer being elected by increased majorities. The contest was over the mayoralty, and Van Buskirk is elected by about 100 majority.

DECATUR, Ind., May 2.—At the city election held here yesterday the entire republican ticket, with the exception of marshal, was elected by majorities ranging from 100 to 160.

BLUFFTON, Ind., May 2.—Bluffton has, for the first time, elected a republican mayor and marshal. L. B. Stevens was elected mayor by 29 majority. Feppered, republican, received a majority of 35 votes for councilman in the Second ward. Heller and Venis, democrats, were elected councilmen in the First and Third wards. The vote was the largest ever polled in the city and the democrats were much surprised at the result. The democratic clerk and treasurer were also elected.

COLONEL OAKLEY TALKS.

He Will Take His Office Tomorrow at Noon.

Says He Will Announce His Appointments the Latter Part of the Week—No Promises.

Mayor-elect Chauncey D. Oakley was seen this morning at republican headquarters by a SENTINEL representative. The colonel was naturally elated and busily receiving congratulations.

"When do you take your seat as mayor of Fort Wayne?" was asked.

"Tomorrow at noon, provided no complications arise in the official count and I hardly think this likely," replied Colonel Oakley.

"Have you made the selection of any of the city officials whom you are to appoint under the new charter?"

"No, I have not. I made no promises before the election and so I stand unpledged today but think by the latter part of the week I will be able to announce the most of them."

"How about comptroller and city attorney?"

"As I said before, I cannot announce whom they will be, because I do not now know myself. You can say for me, however, that I realize the importance of the first step in making appointments and that will be to pick out only good, clean, representative citizens. Men who are able to stand alone and conduct their business in a manner entirely satisfactory to the citizens."

"Will you enforce the 11 o'clock and Sunday closing saloon law?"

"With regard to my policy on this matter, I do not propose to depart from the principles as set down in the republican platform. I can say that in my own mind I feel very sure that I will not disappoint the citizens in this matter."

"Kindly say for me," continued the colonel, "that I wish to express my sincere thanks to those who have elected me to the honorable place of mayor of the city of Fort Wayne, and that I appreciate the fact that the expression by no means is from one party alone."

FORT WAYNE PEOPLE.

Personal Mention of Them in Out of Town Papers.

The Logansport Journal says: "Mrs. Charles Forher is entertaining Miss Amelia Miller, of Fort Wayne."

The Huntington Democrat says: "Dr. Charles Stults and family, of Fort Wayne, were visitors in the city Monday."

The Kendallville Sun says: "Mrs. M. M. Bowen returned from Fort Wayne today, where she visited Mr. and Mrs. Remington and other friends."

The Ossian News says: "Dan Gallagher, of Fort Wayne, was here Friday, looking after his property in West Ossian."

The Bluffton News says: "Mrs. W. R. Nimmons spent the day in Fort Wayne.—Misses Lillie and Mattie Clark were visiting in Fort Wayne today."

The Peru Journal says: "Andrew Taylor, of Fort Wayne, was in the city over Sunday.—Miss Anna Stratton, of Fort Wayne, is a guest of friends in the city."

Little Georganis Bond is almost entirely well of the slight attack of small pox and Dr. Myers has pronounced her cured and ceases his attention to the patient. The case in Nebraska is also greatly improved and there now seems to be but little danger of the spread of the disease.

INDIAN WAR.

The Yaquis Surprise the Mexican Soldiers.

Lead Their Victims Into a Dark Canyon

And Mercilessly Slaughter Half of the Command.

A Bloody Encounter Which Parallels the Massacre of the Brave General Custer's Army.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 2.—News is received here that the Yaquis Indians were again victorious with their warfare with the Mexican soldiers. Once again the wily Indians have ambushed the forces sent against them. A day or two ago, a statement was published that the two companies of Mexican troops, stationed at Enseda, had been ordered to Guaymas, Sonora, on the gulf of California, for immediate duty. At the time it was thought to be an ordinary and unimportant transfer of soldiers, but the report which now comes indirectly from the Mexican officers at Enseda gives the movement a more sensational aspect. Ex-Governor Luis E. Torres, who is now general of the northern and western departments of Mexico, it says, has been making another campaign against the Yaquis in Sonora and the northern Sinolia.

He had an army of 500 men and the plan was to dispose of the Yaquis at once and forever. President Diaz selected General Torres for this work because of his experience and supposed ability to accomplish the desired purpose. But, like the other commanders who have tried it, according to reports, Torres met the Yaquis and was defeated. The report says a force composed of soldiers, taken from different regiments, accompanied by a party of National militia, in command of a lieutenant colonel lately arrived from Mexico, were in pursuit of the Yaquis in the Serria Bactalo. On the afternoon of the 5th day of March the trail led the pursuers into a long, deep, narrow defile in the Serria Do Bactalo.

The walls of the canon were almost precipitious, rising to a height in some places of over two thousand feet and covered with brush. The command was halted and skirmishers pushed forward to uncover any possible ambush. The skirmish line climbed the walls and beat the brush as far up as possible without results, and as the trail was clearly defined in the sand in the bottom of the canon, the colonel in command ordered them forward. Half the dangerous locality had been traversed with no sign of life nor motion from the cliffs towering above and the men were beginning to breathe easier, when suddenly huge masses of rocks and boulders from the cliff, nearly 1,500 feet above, came bounding from wall to wall down upon the hemmed in column, crushing horses and riders into shapeless heaps.

Higher and higher rose the war cries of the well armed Yaquiso, who now began firing volley after volley directly into the struggling mass below, where all was confusion. Horses dashed through the broken column, trampling on the dead and wounded soldiers; men writhed and screamed under the weight of rocks that had crushed them down into the earth; others sank under the pitiless hail of bullets and others less severely wounded and those still unhurt sought the bushes on either side and watched with cocked rifle for some sign of their bloodthirsty foes. In such confusion it was impossible for the commands of the officers to be heard, but finally the colonel found a wounded bugler with yet life enough to sound a call.

In a few moments, although still in range of those deadly rocks and rifles, those of the wounded able to move with assistance, were started back down the canon, while those who were able to offer resistance fired volley after volley at random into the bushes on the cliffs and had the satisfaction of occasionally seeing a half-naked Yaqui leap convulsively from his hiding place and come whirling down through a thousand feet of space. As rapidly as possible the remnant of the column fought its way back to the open ground where their foes had not dared to follow, and after a brief rest dragged themselves back along the route over which they had marched so cheerfully the day before. The number of killed cannot be accurately stated, but out of the column of 500 men it is said that at least 200 are either killed or wounded.

An additional force of 200 militia has been organized in Hermosillo and the campaign against their party of reds will be pushed vigorously. Torres himself and a small party of soldiers retreated to Guaymas, where, according to one version that has reached Ensed, he has been placed under arrest because of failure. This is not believed to be true. At any rate all the Mexican troops of Lower California, Senora and Sinaloa are to be mobilized at Guaymas and another campaign organized against the Yauquis, but whether General Torres is to be lead or not remains to be seen.

It is said that Don Jacob Corbe, a young doctor, after the encounter in the canon, left a place called La Mesa, with a small escort to attend the wounded, and on passing a place called Aronas, fell into ambush prepared by the same party of Yaquis. According to reports he was slain in a most cruel manner, the savages first flaying his feet and then making him walk. They finally lanced him. The Serria do Bactel is some two days' journey from Guaymas and is a very rugged, wild country, one of the strongholds of the Yaquis.

It is said that only 100 or 200 Yaquis were in the rebellion. Further details from Guaymas are expected. The Yaquis are to Mexico what the Apaches are to Arizona—only, if anything, they are more cruel. They are magnificent specimens of manhood, few being under six feet, and have almost unlimited powers of endurance. They have never been entirely subdued, but inaugurate periodical raids from their impregnable holds in the fastnesses of the Sierra Nevadas.

TRAINS MOVING.

The Great Northern Strike a Thing of the Past.

The American Railway Union Master of the Situation and Winner in Its First Strike.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 2—As a result of the settlement of the Great Northern strike last night the men have started to work at a number of points along the line and today everything was running as well as could be expected after such a long tie-up of all freight and most of the passenger business. In the yards here full crews were at work getting all trains out practically on time and the men were feeling particularly jubilant. They had considerable reason to feel happy, for nearly everything they demanded was granted, the Volunteer's Business Men's arbitration board deciding in favor of the restoration of 75 per cent. of the last summer reductions. A supplemental statement gives the information that the company has prepared notices of a restoration of wages for common laborers and restored the pay of engineers and firemen. The strike was one of the completest tie-ups in the history of labor troubles, no trains being run for over two weeks west of Minot, N. D., except a few mail trains on the Montana Central and nothing but mail trains east of there. The settlement was made with President Dole as a representative of the employes, rather than in his official capacity, but still the American Railway Union considers the result a decided victory for that young organization. One of the prominent members of the American Railway Union states that it is the intention of their body to work to the end that the old railroad brotherhoods would bear the same relation to the American Railway union that the legislatures of the several states do to the congress of the United States. He said, further, that the American Railway union would never rest satisfied until the constitution of all the old brotherhoods had stricken from them any provision that would prohibit members from belonging to the American Railway union. He declared: "We shall not rest satisfied until we own the earth."

RIOT AT CLEVELAND.

A Mob Out on a Mission of Destruction.

Windows Broken, Workmen Attacked and Driven Away and the Citizens Terrorized.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 2.—A mob numbering 5,000 or 7,000 men again assembled in the public square this morning and marched out on a mission of destruction. On Scranton avenue every window was broken at the Varisty iron works and the entire force of men working ran out. At the Upson nut and bolt works windows were broken, machinery smashed and the men driven away. Twenty-five men were driven from the church furniture works. At this point the police charged the mob and drove it up the hill on Jennings avenue. Police are being hurried to the scene from all available sources. All the reserve force of the police, including the mounted men, have been ordered out. Many arrests have been made. Intense excitement prevails in the southern part of the city.

The mob, after moving up Jennings avenue, reformed and were again and again recharged by the police. The rioters had meantime raided a scrap iron yard and armed themselves with pieces of iron. They were in a frenzy of excitement and were constantly urged on by their leaders to resist the officers.

At this juncture a large reinforcement of police arrived upon the scene and another charge was made on the mob with drawn clubs. The crowd showed fight only for a moment and then their ranks were broken and scattered in all directions.

The police, meantime, had used their clubs to such effect that many of the rioters were laid low. Patrol wagons were loaded with prisoners and hastily sent to the nearest station. Many of the men threw stones and other missiles at the blue coats from the vantage ground of Abbey street bridge. They were forced away, however, and ran like sheep, making occasional stands to resist the power of the law.

While a part of the mob were fighting the police another mob at Faulcabern made an unsuccessful attempt to hold up a mail train on the Nickel Plate road as it was passing that point. The train slackened speed in order to not run down any of the fellows, but sped on its way unharmed.

HERE THEY COME.

Fort Wayne is to Suffer Next.

General Randall is Marching Towards Our City.

A Well Known Labor Leader Issues a Call to the Unemployed of This Locality—Some Will Join.

At last Fort Wayne people will get a chance to see a portion of the Coxey commonwealers. General Randall, of Chicago, has begun his march to Washington with 450 recruits and is now bearing down towards Fort Wayne over the Nickel Plate railway. Tonight they will camp at Hammond and if they can succeed in getting hold of a Nickel Plate freight will be here tomorrow sometime.

Last night the army camped at Grand Crossing and at 2:30 o'clock this morning Sheriff Clausmeier received a telegram announcing that the soldiers had captured a train and to be on the lookout for them. A SENTINEL reporter inquired at the company's offices and found this to be untrue, but learned that the bums had been bothering the train men considerably and that they were headed towards this city.

Randall's army will get quite a number of recruits in this city and a movement is now on foot to get the men together. Edward Miller, a well known printer, and a leader in all labor movements, has issued the following call:

FALL IN! FALL IN!

ON TO WASHINGTON! IS THE RALLYING CRY NOW.

May 1st has come and gone. The advance guard of the Coxey movement has reached Washington. Camp George Washington is now an assured fact. It is really in existence, and if the determination of Citizen Coxey is carried out the 'Army of Peace' will camp there 'till doomsday unless congress passes relief measures.

With the advent of General Randall in Fort Wayne there is excellent prospects for a camp being formed here for a few days for recruiting purposes. Fort Wayne has hundreds of unemployed men who would work if they had the opportunity. There is no immediate prospects at hand.

Professional bums and thugs are requested to stay at home. Join the Randall army of unemployed workingmen when they reach Fort Wayne and in order to prove that the cry of "tramps and bums" is untrue, carry certificates with you from your last employer and from the mayor of the city of Fort Wayne.

Workingmen, join the industrial movement! Unite with the army of General Randall! Don't let Fort Wayne go unrepresented in this grand cause to emancipate the wage worker! Remember that the Coxey movement is one of peace!

Join the army of General Randall.
On to Washington!!

EDWARD MILLER.

BIG POLICE COURT.

A Leo Citizen Claims to Have Been Robbed.

Three Tramps Who Captured a Pennsylvania Company Train Up For Trial—Mrs. Carey Jailed.

Police court was crowded this morning and some of the old time activity was manifest. There were six prisoners, five of whom were men and the other prisoner was old Mrs. Carey.

THE SENTINEL yesterday afternoon contained an account of a number of drunken tramps capturing a Pennsylvania company train. The fellows jumped aboard freight No. 73, west bound, at Monroeville. Conductor Phipps and the train crew attempted to put them off, when a desperate fight followed, in which Phipps was knocked down and badly hurt.

Detective Harley and the Monroeville marshal captured the three men after a desperate struggle and the bums were brought here.

They had shot over fifty bullets into the car which they were in. Owing to the absence of some of the company's witnesses the three men were held until Friday, in the sum of $50 each. They gave the names of James Bradley, Edward Starr and Edward Ludwig. Starr formerly lived here.

John Hellenkamp and a man named John Dally got into a fight early this morning and Dally badly pounded up his antagonist. Officer Rohrer arrested the man Dally and let Hellenkamp go. The latter was too badly hurt to appear in police court this morning and the case was continued until tomorrow afternoon, at 1 o'clock. Daily was put under $50 bond and went to jail.

P. Gottlieb was a plain, everyday drunk who told a remarkable story of having been knocked down and robbed of a large sum of money. The man was right. He was knocked down by John Barleycorn and the saloonkeeper got the cash. Mayor Scherer sent him to jail for eleven days.

Mary Carey is a sad specimen of humanity who lives in the Harrington block. She can not let whisky alone and is constantly being arrested. Her son was accidentally killed on the railroad not long ago. She was sent to jail.

Death of a Decatur Banker.

DECATUR, Ind., May 1.—Dr. Thomas T. Dorwin died at his residence in this city early yesterday from a stroke of paralysis. He was president of the Decatur National bank and one of Adams county's wealthiest citizens.

COXEY ARRESTED.

Likewise, Carl Brown and Christopher Jones.

The Trio Charged With Violation of the United States Statute—Trials Set for Friday.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Jacob Sleicher Coxey, chief of the commonweal army, is under arrest and of the three leaders of the movement which culminated at the capitol grounds yesterday, each will have to answer to the courts for the part they took in yesterday's disturbance. The trial of Carl Browne, Christopher Columbus Jones and Coxey has been postponed until Friday. They will be arraigned on that day before Judge Miller in police court. The charge against them will be violation of the United States statutes. The arrest of Coxey took place today in the police court on information filed against him last night. The three men have a considerable army of populist lawyers to defend them, their counsel including Representatives Pence, of Colorado; Baker, of Kansas; Kem, of Nebraska; Boen, of Minnesota, and Adjutant General Tarsney, of Colorado, a brother of Representative Tarsney, of Missouri.

Counsel asked that $500 in cash be accepted in lieu of real estate bail for Coxey's appearance, but the judge refused to accept it and Coxey and Jones were taken to the police station. There was a crowd on the street surrounding the district court in expectation of the trial of Browne and Jones, and it was disappointed at the postponement of the cases until Friday. The crowd likewise was disappointed at its failure to gain admission to the court room to view the proceedings only those persons who could give some good reason for their presence being admitted. Among the earliest arrivals at the court was Coxey, Browne and Jones. They were soon joined by four populist members of congress, Lafe Pence, of Colorado; William Baker, Halder E. Boen, W. A. Kem and Adjutant General Tarsney, who offered their services as counsel

Marshal Carl Browne was attired in his spectacular buckskin suit and the party engaged in consultation until Judge Miller ascended to the bench, when Browne and Jones walked behind the railing into the prisoner's bench, accompanied by Mr. Coxey. Several minor cases were disposed of first in usual police court style of rapid transit. During these proceedings the group of sympathizers was augmented by the arrival of Chairman Taubeneck and Secretary Turner, of the central committee of the people's party, and Dr. Tabland, a Washington third party man. Assistant District Attorney Maloney, a smooth faced, blonde haired young man, appeared as prosecutor of the Coxeyites and announced that "I have been informed that a man named Jacob S. Coxey is in court, and after an investigation last night I have thought myself warranted in filing an information against him. I have made out a warrant, but if he is willing to submit I do not care to have it served upon him." This was a surprise, and General Coxey spoke up:

"I'm here and ready." Then he stepped forward to the bar and Attorney Samuel Hyman said:

"First we ask whether all informations have been filed that the government intends to."

"That is not the question," replied the judge.

Then the information charging Jacob S. Coxey with unlawfully displacing a banner or device was read and he replied, "Not guilty." The accused asked to be tried by jury and the hearing of the court against themselves set for Friday morning. When the question of bail came up one of the lawyers for the accused said:

"It is a moral certainty that these gentlemen would remain here ten years for trial."

"We want legal certainty," replied Judge Miller, and he fixed the amount in each case at $500. Marilla Ricker, a feminine attorney of this city, came forward to offer bail for General Coxey, but Assistant District Attorney Mullowney reminded her of a provision of law which forbids attorneys from signing bail bonds. Subsequently, Frank Hume, a wholesale grocer, signed the bond for Coxey and Jones.

The Contlivres today applied of the county commissioners for the right to lay a double street car track on Spy Run avenue. They will run electric instead of horse cars. A very heavy T rail will be used, weighing between sixty and seventy pounds to the yard, and the old track will not be used. The proposed improvement will cost in the neighborhood of $60,000.

Harry Hammil has returned from Van Wert and will again take up his residence in this city.

Miss Liza Burnett, of Lakeside, has gone to Antwerp, Ohio, to spend a few days.

Notice.

I have a young, brown, stray horse at my place, and owner can have same by proving property and paying damages. MIKE ORR,
213 No. 112 Mechanic street.

Ladies' White Kid Slippers for $1 00 at Thing Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

Fresh vaccine points direct from the Franklin county farm. A good supply for salent WAGENMANN'S DRUG STORE.

Misses Russet Shoes, 75c, at Thing Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

NEW RAILROAD SHOPS.

The Fort Wayne and Eastern to Build Them in This City.

Leading Citizens Ask the Commissioners to Call an Election and Vote $150,000 Aid.

The proposition to secure the main shops of the Fort Wayne and Eastern road took definite form yesterday in the filing of the following petition before the board of commissioners, and it will be acted on today:

To the Honorable Board of Commissioners of Allen County, State of Indiana:

We, the undersigned petitioners, each and all of whom are resident freeholders of said township of Wayne, in the county of Allen, in the state of Indiana, respectfully petition your honorable body, and say that the Fort Wayne and Eastern Railroad company, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the statutes of the state of Indiana, is engaged in acquiring and constructing its line of railroad from a point in Jackson township on the east boundary line of said Allen county to a point in the city of Fort Wayne, and in the township of Wayne, in said county, and your petitioners ask said Wayne township to make an appropriation in the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) to the said Fort Wayne and Eastern Railroad company, its successor or successors by consolidation, to aid it in the construction of its railroad, by donating said sum of $150,000 to said railroad company for said purpose. Your petitioners further represent that said sum is less than 2 per centum upon the amount of taxable property of said Wayne township on the tax duplicate of the said county of Allen, delivered to the treasurer of said county for the past preceding year.

The said donation to be made upon the express condition that said Fort Wayne and Eastern Railroad company, its successor or successors by consolidation shall build its line of railroad into said township and make the city of Fort Wayne a divisional point on its line and shall build and maintain within the city limits of Fort Wayne in said Wayne township, a suitable office building, with telegraph office connected, and shall erect, operate and maintain in said city of Fort Wayne, or within one mile from its limits the principal manufacturing, construction and repair shops of said railroad, and to that end and for that purpose shall construct a machine shop, not less than 300 feet long by 110 feet wide, a blacksmith and boiler shop combined, to be 150 feet long by 80 feet wide, a store room and oil house, 50 feet long by 30 feet wide, and also a round house, containing not less than 12 stalls, with a substantial turntable, side tracks, standing room for cars. Each of the foregoing buildings to be constructed of stone and brick and covered with slate roofs, and all of said improvements to be commenced within six months from the date said vote is taken, and be completed within eighteen months thereafter.

Wherefore, your petitioners pray your honorable body to give this petition proper consideration, and that you grant the prayer of your petitioners, and to that end that you order the polls of the voting places of said township to be opened upon a day to be named, and order an election to be held upon the question of making said appropriation as aforesaid, and that due and legal notice thereof be given, and that you take such other and further steps in the premises as by law is required to be taken.

And your petitioners will ever pray.

Perry A. Randall,
J. R. White,
R. L. Romy.
Henry C. Graffe.
William H. Dreier.
J. W. White.
James W. Wilding.
David N. Foster.
J. W. Bell
Charles F. Muhler.
J. F. W. Meyer.
C. R. Higgins.
B. S. O'Connor.
L. J. Bobilya.
William Moellering.
Charles Moellering
Gottlieb Haller.
S. F. Bowser.
R. T. McDonald.
O. S. Hanna.
John Morris.
E. J. Golden.
Louis Fox.
W. L. Carnahan.
A. H. Hamilton.
B. W. Skelton.
Herman Berghoff.
Thomas S. Heller.
William Keough.
A. J. Friend.
Fisher Bros.
Henry W. Bond.
Joseph L. Gruber.
Kyser & Baade.
Louis Rastetter.
Wilkins Bros.
John F. Rodabaugh
A. J. Moynihan.
F. W. Cook.
A. B. Trentman.
S. C. Lumbard.
Julius Nathan.
Emmett H. McDonald.
W. H. Huffman.
John Orff.
C. E. Orff.
David Tagtmeyer.
George W. Pixley.
J. W. Hayden.
M. A. Webb.
C. F. Pfeiffer.
Claude F. Emo.
W. J. Vesey.
William McKinney.
Henry M. Williams.
Charles McCulloch.
W. L. Pettit.
E. C. Rurode.
Howell C. Rockhill.
F. W. Kuhne.

Ladies' Russet and Black Oxfords for 45c, 50c, 75c, $1 00, $1 25 $1 50 at Thing Co.'s, 25 West Main St

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FRESCO ARTIST,
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Weaves to Order Rugs from Old and New Carpet Scraps, also, from Pieces.
Portiers from Silk Pieces; also, Rag Carpet.
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Corner Wells and Superior streets.

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TEACHER OF MANDOLIN.
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A. D. ORDWAY,
ARCHITECT - AND - SUPERINTENDENT.
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Practice Limited to diseases of the Skin and Genito-Urinary Surgery.
Office, rooms 2-3 Pixley Long Block. Hours—9-12 a. m., 1-4 p. m., 7-8 p. m.

DR. ALBERT E. BULSON, JR.
Practice Limited to EYE and EAR.
No. 52, 53, 54 Pixley-Long Block.
Telephone 413. Hours 9-12 a. m., 2-4 p. m.

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Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours for consultation, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Sundays, 8 to 12. Office, No. 15 West Main street, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Special attention paid to chronic diseases.

DR. S. H. HAVICE.
Diseases of the Nose and Throat.
Office Hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 6.30 to 8 p. m.
Office, No. 62 W. Berry St. Phone No. 66.

DR. B. GAILL—To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex may consult me free of charge at my office, 11 West Wayne street. Telephone 147.

DR. JOHN BEATON—
EYE AND EAR.
Office at Dreier Bros'. Drug Store.

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GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS.
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Sts. Phone 129

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KESLIN & BLOOM.
Undertakers and Embalmers.
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Attorney at Law.
Abstractor of Titles.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loan, Collecting Rental Agent.
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S. C. LUMBARD,
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER,
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans.
No. 10 East Berry street.
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

M. J. BOULHAN,
Real Estate, Insurance and Loans.
—WITH—
D. C. Fisher, 22 East Berry street.
Accountant and Notary Public.

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.
Capital $200,000. Surplus $125,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch.
Cashier—John Mohr, Jr.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
Capital and Surplus, $400,000.00.
Corner Main and Court Streets.
Oldest National Bank in Indiana. Certificates of deposit issued drawing three (3) per cent interest per annum if left four (4) months.
J. H. BASS, President.
L. R. HARTMAN, Cashier.

White National Bank
Capital & Surplus, $220,000.
Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

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PLUMBERS,
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FT. WAYNE LOAN OFFICE. Est'd 1878. Time Tried. Fire Tested. Money, any amount Loaned on VALUABLES.
We deal in DIAMONDS, WATCHES, Carpets, Musical Goods, TRUNKS AND VALISES.
GREATEST BARGAIN HOUSE IN INDIANA. HORACE MARIOTTE, PAWNBROKER, 20 East Columbia Street.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

WEDNESDAY MAY 2, 1894

TONIGHT.

PRAYER MEETINGS—At Different City Churches.
MISSIONARY CLUB—Meet at First Presbyterian Church.
TRADES UNIONS—Plasterers; Boilermakers.
LODGES—A. O. U. W., No. 60; Red Men; Knights of the Golden Eagle; Fort Wayne Chapter, No. 19, R. A. M.
MASONIC TEMPLE—"Trip to Chinatown."

The Cause of It.

There is no need of THE SENTINEL giving the reasons that led to the defeat of the democratic candidate for mayor in the city elections held yesterday. Every reader of this paper knows the history of the campaign from the day the democratic primaries were held until the close of the polls last night, and therefore fully understands the causes for the Waterloo that came to the head of the democratic city ticket. Neither will it be necessary for us to review the course that THE SENTINEL has pursued before and after the primaries, for this also is well known. THE SENTINEL, throughout it all, had only one motive and that was for pure politics and good government, and for this reason alone pursued the course that it did. We have no reason now to regret that course. We believe there is only one way to conduct politics and that is as near to the right as can be. Right injures no one and is always the best policy in the end.

Fort Wayne's New Mayor.

Col. Chauncey B. Oakley has been elected mayor of the city of Fort Wayne. He has reason to be proud of the vote he received. Judging from the returns fully fifteen hundred democrats voted for him, not because they believed him better equipped for the office than his competitor, but they were dissatisfied with the way things had been managed at the democratic primary and felt that in him they would have a mayor who would enforce the laws of our city and surround himself with a class of men who would aid him in the fulfillment of this promise. That they may not be disappointed is this is the earnest wish of THE SENTINEL. This only can be done by starting in with one purpose and that is to take a stand from the very beginning for law and order, and cutting himself loose from politicians who care more for spoils than they do the good of the city. Let him in making his appointments for city attorney, comptroller and the members of the various boards, select the very best men that he can find for these positions, for unless he does so his administration will be a complete failure.

As long as THE SENTINEL finds that Mr. Oakley, as mayor of the city, is doing right, and fulfilling the promises he has so frequently made before the election, we shall give him our support, but the moment he deviates from the path of sworn duty and neglects to properly enforce the law, he will receive our criticism.

Mr. Oakley will have an excellent council and a splendid board of water works trustees to assist him in his management, and upon his entrance into office he will find the finances of the city in the very best of shape.

The labor legislative council of Indiana held a meeting at Indianapolis yesterday with twenty-five delegates present, and discussed the demands that the laboring men of the state will make upon the next general assembly for laws in the interest of their class. It was decided to make the fight again for such measures as were introduced but failed of passage in 1893, and among these is the law providing for state inspection of boilers in mills and factories. The reports to the meeting showed that many of the labor unions had gone out of existence during the financial panic of the fall and consequent hard times of the winter, but in most cases they were expected to reorganize with the return of summer.

M. E. Asso, of this city, the state statistician is receiving returns from over the state and is preparing his report for 1893-94, which will be issued next fall. Some new features in state statistics will appear in the volume. It will contain tables from eight of the largest cities in Indiana, showing the condition of servant girls. The tables will show how long they serve, their wages and their social conditions. Their nationality will be given and the figures will be the first ever collected by any state. Reports on the women wage earners will also be given. Statistics of labor organizations as a class will be given for the first time, the reports of unions having been made by the secretaries.

The New Albany Ledger, the leading democratic newspaper in the third district, continues to make persistent warfare upon Congressman Brown, and its opposition is reported as having telling effect. The Ledger claims that it never had a favor to ask of Mr. Brown, and that it is opposing him because he is not a fit man to represent the district, either morally, socially or politically. The Ledger reviews Mr. Brown's career, including his disaffection to the party during the days of Morton, and it adds: "Since his return to the democratic party he has set himself up as a political boss, attempting to dictate the local nominations in the counties of this district, and pursuing political methods utterly undemocratic, dishonorable and demoralizing. His social habits are bad, his morals are worse."

A Socialistic State.

One of the most interesting countries on the globe at present is the British colony of New Zealand. It comes nearer being in its spirit and institutions the ideal state to which the socialists and nationalists are looking forward than any other country. According as it prospers or declines will be the estimate put by the world on the theory of state control of public enterprises.

The first step toward state employment and state construction of public works came in 1870. Then, in order to encourage public works and immigration, the government took up the construction of roads, railroads, waterworks and irrigation. For this $50,000,000 was borrowed from English capitalists in the beginning. Then as its task grew under the hands of the New Zealand government a much larger sum was obtained in the same way. Where railroads were already constructed the government bought them, building also new ones. There are only 150 miles of private railway in the colony. All the public works mentioned are now returning considerable revenue.

Next came a bureau of industries, so called. Its object was to develop local industries and to find employment for laborers. The policy of encouraging immigration in this manner was vigorously pursued. This particular state enterprise has been a great success. There is also a government life insurance department. Holders of policies are absolutely certain of obtaining the sums due them, and the state insurance company never breaks up. There, too, is the public trust office. This guarantees investors from any loss through bad securities and also guarantees the payment of dividends and interest regularly. Of course this carries with it the right on the part of the government to examine into all trusts and see if they are legitimate and give promise of practical success. A public trustee is appointed, and in his hands may be left all business usually given over to private trustees. Part of the duties of the office is to administer on intestate estates. Fees only large enough to cover actual cost are charged. The state has also a government sanitarium and mineral water baths for poor people.

A New Metrology.

Dr. Charles de Medici of New York declares boldly that exact equivalents in numbers can be found for all geometric forms and ratios. For instance, he says the circle can be squared exactly and that he has succeeded in doing it. He defines metrology to be the science of correct measurement in accordance with some given and definite standard. He goes back of all measurements of surfaces, solids, fluids or time, and looks to geometry for the exact unit which will stand for them all. To this unit he gives the name of metrometer, and he asserts that he has found it. He would have all instruments, scales, weights and measures constructed in conformity with his unit according to a fixed geometric standard which will be the same for all nations and ages. At present our weights and measures are arbitrary and different in different countries.

Dr. de Medici says that the science of geometry progresses as well as other sciences, and now is the time for it to advance beyond the propositions of Euclid. He has in press a textbook of the new geometry which he hopes will be taken up and examined on its merits by mathematical professors everywhere. That is all he asks. He claims that the book itself will do the rest. Among the propositions in his geometry will be a new rule for trisecting angles and another for doubling cubes.

The antiforeign agitation that has existed in China for some years is spreading to Japan. The Christian missionaries there are not allowed to own land and can only reside in settlements or colonies specially set off for them in four or five localities. They may not travel from one place to another without a passport. Some of them, however, get around the stipulations by establishing schools and buying houses and lands in the name of Japanese citizens, whose employees they profess to be. There are more ways than one of arriving at an aim. The antiforeign impulse has in many instances extended to the Japanese in whose names such business transactions are carried on. These have suddenly turned and demanded that the schools, property, etc., shall be turned over to them literally. If this should be done, the missionaries would lose all their savings. The bitterest drop in this cup is that in the midst of the antiforeign wave many Japs who were believed to be soundly converted have lapsed again into Buddhism and heathenism and are now among the loudest in their denunciations of the missionaries.

Irrigation on an extensive scale has been begun in the state of Tamaulipas, Mexico. Water is to be carried from the head waters of the San Juan river, in the mountains, through a canal 35 miles long to 100,000 acres of dry land near Camargo. The soil there is found to possess extraordinary fertility, and it is similar to that of the Nile delta. But, like every other enterprise for developing Mexico, this project is in the hands of foreigners. Your native Mexican gentleman only hustles in his mind.

If Canada were a part of the United States, this country could protect the Alaska seal, which is fast being exterminated. Canadian poachers are the men who are doing it, and Great Britain either cannot or will not stop them. It is really a matter in which England is almost as much interested as the United States, for every sealskin captured must go to London to be dyed if it's done in the best manner.

"Thieves and burglars are as a class the poorest men unemployed in honest work. Beggars make more money, and day laborers sleep in better beds and eat better and more regular meals," says a police officer who has had much experience among the light fingered gentry. If this is the case, nothing but original sin will account for the burglar as he is.

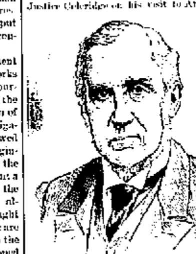
A decision of the court of claims in the Weil and La Abra mining cases at Washington affirms that the president may sign a bill after the adjournment of congress, provided it be done within the constitutional limit of 10 days.

Coxey has conferred at least one benefit on mankind. He has made his commonwealers take a bath.

A BRILLIANT LAWYER.

Sir Charles Russell Achieved Worldwide Fame at the Bar.

Sir Charles Russell who was recently made a lord justice of the English court of appeals, has had a singularly brilliant career at the bar, of which he has long been the acknowledged leader. In this country he is almost as well known as at home, having accompanied Lord Chief Justice Coleridge on his visit to America a few years ago.



LORD JUSTICE RUSSELL.

He represented England in the Bering sea arbitration case last year and defended Mrs. Maybrick in 1889.

Sir Charles was undoubtedly the most distinguished legal practitioner in England. He was a cross examiner to be dreaded, and his weighty but persuasive style of eloquence was exceedingly effective with a jury. He has figured in almost every celebrated case of recent years. His speech before the Parnell commission was particularly powerful and will long be remembered. Lord Justice Hannen, president of the commission, called it "a great speech worthy of a great occasion."

Sir Charles was born in Ireland, at Newry, in 1833, and was educated at Trinity college, Dublin. Throughout his career he has never lost a chance for singing the praises of the land of His birth. He is a nephew of the late Dr. Russell, president of Maynooth college. He began his legal career as a solicitor at Dundalk, and subsequently crossing over to England was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn in 1859. He became a queen's counsel and was elected a bencher of Lincoln's Inn in 1872.

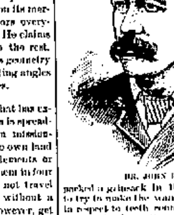
From 1880 to 1885 Sir Charles sat in the house of commons as member for the borough of Dundalk, and in 1885-6 he represented South Hackney. He was knighted in the latter year and appointed attorney general in Mr. Gladstone's administration, giving up a private practice that was reliably said to be worth $125,000 a year. He was offered the position of lord justice by Mr. Gladstone several years ago, but declined to accept it.

The new lord justice plays whist, takes snuff and is an authority on turf matters. He is fond of riding and is a conspicuous figure at every important race meeting in England. He takes great delight in playing the part of a country gentleman, and it is said would rather discuss the points of a bullock with a farmer than argue over a point of law with a legal crony.

AN ITINERANT TOOTH TINKER.

How Dr. John Rabe Visited the South Sea Islands.

Dr. John Rabe, a California dentist, residing in Oakland, has traveled for years in distant lands and studied the characteristics of unfamiliar peoples, though he had little or no capital beyond his knowledge of his profession and the working tools thereof, and he has come back with considerable more money than he had when he started, bringing curios enough to stock a museum and ideas and information enough to fill many volumes. He wanted to see the islands of the south Pacific, and having an idea that the teeth of the natives might have been neglected



DR. JOHN RABE.

packed a gripsack in 1883 and started off to try to make the mouths of the islanders in respect to teeth counterbalance his necessities in the matter of cash.

His scheme was a brilliant success. He got all the work he cared to do and made plenty of money, and as he was something of an ethnologist and curiosity hunter as well as a dentist he found many other things of interest besides the teeth of the natives. Only the barest outline of his travels can be given here. His first stop was made at the Marquesas Islands, where he staid two months. Then he went to Tahiti, where he spent five months, going thence to Valparaiso, in Chili.

After that he went to Samoa and was there when the Germans tried to steal the islands. King Tamasese was one of his patients, and the doctor has a model of his jaw. It is fully twice the ordinary size, and the teeth are exceptionally big and powerful. The doctor says he never saw any others like them, but Tamasese was a giant, and his jaws stood out from his face in a way that a gorilla might envy. King George of the Tonga Islands, to which the dentist next went, was also one of his patients. King George was 80 years old, toothless and compelled to live on vegetables and fruit. For an ex-cannibal that was pretty hard. The doctor made him a full set of teeth, and he went back to a meat diet.

The Fijis, the New Hebrides and New Caledonia were next visited in turn. The last named is a French penal colony, but Dr. Rabe says Americans are more interested in it than they know. A prisoner sent there for five years is detained 10. The last five he is not in confinement, but cannot leave the island and must earn a living. If at the end of that time he has 500 francs, he can deposit it with the officers and go—not to France or any other place, but America. He naturally drifts to San Francisco. At the end of a year, if he can show that he has behaved himself, he can demand and receive 500 francs.

Australia, Africa, Manila, the Carolines, Japan, China and India were all on the doctor's itinerary, and other places, too many to be told, and he has filled, pulled and fixed up teeth in all of them and is quite ready to begin another journey of a similar kind.

Doing Business With a Dicebox.

We are accustomed to hear very large gambling stories from the mining camps, and the latest one seems to be of the regulation size, besides being vouched for as true, which is more than can be said of some of these tales. It appears that General C. S. Warren of Helena, Mon., recently secured an option on a mining claim for $15,000. Miles Fenton offered him $10,000 for his bargain, or $25,000 for the mine. The general demanded $30,000, and then Fenton made another proposition. "I'll throw dice with you to see if I take the bonds off your hands at $17,500 or whether I pay you $30,000." The general assented, and taking the first turn threw a pair of fives. Fenton threw three deuces, and so won $5,000 on a single turn of the dicebox.

An Elevator Girl.

St. Louis has a feminine elevator boy. She is young, rose cheeked and pretty, according to the St. Louis papers; the pink of propriety; does not whistle nor smoke cigarettes; polite and willing to give information—in short, a decided improvement on the early chaps usually found running elevators.

FOUR CLEOPATRAS.

DIVERGING CONCEPTIONS OF THE CHARACTER.

Fanny Davenport and Sarah Bernhardt Give Entirely Different Renditions—Mrs. Langtry's and Mrs. James Brown Potter's Versions.

THE FIRST NATURAL impulse of a writer in commenting upon the subject is to compare Shakespeare's "Cleopatra" with Sardon's. Columns no doubt might be written on this subject, but here again the limitations of space assert themselves. Certain it is that Sardou, as his play is remembered, has portrayed the sorceress who ensnared Antony in a manner considerably more complimentary to the queen herself than Shakespeare did. The Frenchman's Cleopatra, as a woman intended to inspire sympathy, excites admiration for her many noble qualities and regret for her sad and romantic fate. In several points Sardou's play dealing with the life of Cleopatra very closely resembles Shakespeare's, but in others it differs radically. The four prominent actresses who have in recent years appeared in this play have also held as distant and varied ideas regarding Cleopatra as have the innumerable commentators on the subject.

Mrs. James Brown Potter appeared as Cleopatra at Wallack's theater, New York, several years ago. It was recorded at the time that Mrs. Potter was probably the most faithful physical embodiment of the part who had been seen, while she was unquestionably the poorest histrionically.

Mrs. Langtry appeared as Cleopatra in London and scored a failure. Even the sycophantic critics of the English metropolis could not see Langtry with favor in the habiliments of the dark Egyptian. She was so far from filling the eye that she could not possibly stir the imagination and her venture entailed a large personal loss to the actress.

Sarah Bernhardt's appearance in the new Sardou "Cleopatra" was the occasion for a storm of comment from both American and foreign critics. In this country Bernhardt's version of the play was treated with consideration and respect; there was not in its production any marked efforts to rival in magnificence the presentations of "Cleopatra" that have been given by Miss Davenport, for the reason that the play was but one in Bernhardt's repertory and it was thought unwise to go to the outlay of many thousands of dollars for the comparative few nights it was intended to be given.

Which of the actresses mentioned above have possessed and portrayed the true conception of what the Egyptian queen really was like it would be a hard matter to positively determine, as even the descriptions that have been given from time to time by the most eminent Egyptologists and historians have varied widely. This has been particularly true regarding the personal appearance of this long-famed "Sorceress of the Nile." Perhaps the most reliable likeness of Cleopatra today appears on the Egyptian coins struck off in her reign which are in the numismatic department of the national library. They show her when she was, respectively, wife and queen regnant. One sees her at all ages, from her early teens to almost the close of her reign. Cleopatra, on these coins and medals, is far nearer to Sarah Bernhardt than to Mrs. Langtry. She is almost spare in figure, when young, and at all times lithe. Had she lived to eighty she might have looked a little like Prince Napoleon, the mouth and chin having a "Mother Hubbard" tendency to meet. The full, luscious lips, resembling those of a Somali woman's, do not mitigate much the hardness of the physiognomy. It is a strange countenance and one easy to read. The forehead bulges at the eyebrows. Its prominence here gives it singular irregularity, producing the effect almost of a smaller head growing upout of a larger one. Jove was represented by Greek sculptors with such a forehead, but on a more massive scale. The eye is greatly in shadow and almost sinister, it having the expression of a snake's when it has charmed a bird. The aquiline curve of the nose

SARAH BERNHARDT.

is at once strong and delicate and the nostril is well open and finely curved.

Taken with the lips, it gives the impression of a woman prone to sensual joys, cynical and contemptuous. Her firmly molded and advancing chin shows volition. She was willful to the last degree and not to be turned from any purpose. The hair is dressed in the Greek manner and twisted up in a small knot on the nape of the neck. She is bad and bewitching. Happily she is dead.

Apropos of Sardou's masterpiece of tragedy, "Cleopatra," it is interesting to know that his chateau is situated in the midst of a park in the pretty village of Marly-le-Roi. It is surrounded by high railings, with floral ornaments bearing the monogram V. S., in the style of Louis XV. The principal entrance is guarded by six monster sphinxes, which he bought at an Egyptian exhibition some years ago. This entrance is reserved for high days and high people. There is a smaller one at the back for ordinary purposes.

Victorien Sardou is now in his 60th year, though one would think him much younger. He is still as vigorous and active as ever, thanks to the immense nervous powers he possesses. He has seldom suffered from any illness more serious than a cold, which he almost regularly catches when he is superintending his rehearsals. He owes his robust health to two things—plenty of sleep and a good digestion. His existence at Marly is quiet and methodical. He rises at 6 o'clock and writes up to noon.

As soon as he enters his study he locks the door and nobody is allowed to disturb him, not even his own family. The only person he sees in the morning is his barber, who comes every day to shave him. Punctually at 12 o'clock he breakfasts with his wife and children, three boys and a girl, who have all inherited some of the wit of their father. He eats very quickly and absorbs twice as much as any of his contemporaries. His excellent appetite, however, does not prevent him talking, and he gossips on everything and relates anecdote after anecdote in the most bewildering fashion. The breakfast over he lights a cigar and takes a stroll in the park. At 3 o'clock he holds his daily reception.

The number of visitors is considerable. Actors and actresses, managers

FANNY DAVENPORT.

and directors pass in rapid succession. They come from all parts of France and abroad, particularly from London and New York. He next writes his letters, and at 6:30 he dines. After another cigar and a little music or a chat with a privileged neighbor he goes to bed at 10, and all the lights of the chateau are extinguished.

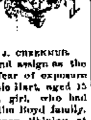
When Sardou is working his nervousness develops itself in an extraordinary way. He throws himself entirely into his piece and laughs and cries alternately as the plot is woven. He corrects and alters his manuscript very often before he delivers it up to the manager, but once out of his hands he will not make any alterations in the text unless absolutely forced by circumstances to do so. Everybody knows that he conducts the rehearsals himself and that he is a perfect tyrant toward the actors, with whom he has no end of quarrels. Neither will he allow any of the critics to attend the rehearsals, on the ground that the disclosures in which they indulge lessen the interest of the public when the piece is played.

ROLLA BOYD'S MURDER.

Did John Creekmur Have an Interest in His Removal?

John Creekmur, a wealthy farmer of Whitemore, Ill., has been arrested for the murder of Rolla Boyd, a tenant farmer who was found in a dying condition on the Creekmur place April 9. The warrant was sworn out by Mrs. Boyd, the widow, who has three small children and is penniless.

Boyd was found in a stable with a horse, his skull fractured at the base of the brain, a deep dent over his left eye and his body bruised. The horse was without shoes and the theory that the animal had kicked him to death was not accepted. The prosecution claim to have strong circumstantial evidence of Creekmur's guilt and assign as the motive for the crime fear of exposure of intimacy with Crissie Hart, aged 15 years, a half-witted girl, who had made her home with the Boyd family. Boyd had seen Attorney Shipley at Marca about the assault of the girl and he brought a letter from Shipley to Creekmur requesting him to come to Marca. That was on April 7, two days before Boyd met his death. Boyd and Creekmur were in the barn together and Creekmur went away. When Mrs. Boyd went out to call her husband to supper she found him lying in the horse stable, the horse standing quietly at one side.



J. CREEKMUR.

AD GUMBERT'S CASE.

A Chicago View of the Reserve Rule and the Pitcher's Suit.

Pitcher Gumbert's suit against the Chicago ball club involves the old question about the right and obligations of the reserve rule, says the Chicago Record. Under the new National league rule, however, the player will certainly have a hard time of it holding a club responsible in court for his salary during the period that it virtually holds him under reserve, although refusing to pay him the salary he demands. Formerly he was held under an out-and-out "reserve" law, so-called, but the weakness of this rule in making the clubs apparently responsible for salary caused its abolition—or at least a change of name. Now, when a league club wants a player to sign a certain salary, but is unwilling for him to go to some other club in case he refuses, it does not keep him under reserve, apparently. If called into court the manager of the team can truthfully say in such an emergency: "He is not held by us. We release him from all obligation; let him go whereseover he may."

But the trouble for the player is that he can't go anywhere. If he applies to another club the latter ascertains the manner of his "release" before it is free to sign him, and if released under conditions above mentioned, no club can sign him under the new arrangement. It is only a clever way of getting out of the legal obligations involved by the old reserve rule. Yet no one familiar with baseball sympathizes with the player. He always has the best of it, and the clubs can not be blamed for adopting strange rules to protect themselves and the welfare of the game. Once in a great while a player may suffer under the privileges reserved by the clubs, but it is rare, and shows up poorly alongside of the big baseball salaries.

H. S. Evans of Boston won the figure-skating championship of Canada at Quebec, Feb. 2. J. Michaelson of Montreal was second.

At Royersford, Pa., Feb. 24, B. Buckwalter and J. Y. Kleinz shot at fifty birds, under Hurlingham rules for $100 a side. Kleinz won by 41 to 40.

A Popular Remedy.

The promptness and certainty of its cure have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy famous. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the most effectual remedy known for these diseases. Mr. C. B. Main, of Union City, Pa., says: "I have a great sale on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I warrant every bottle and have never heard of one failing to give entire satisfaction." 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Mothers, Be sure and use "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for your children while cutting teeth. It is the best remedy of all. May8eodawly

Stanton's Photos are the best.

Guilty.

Justice—An the prisoner sold his vote!
Candidate—He did, yer honor.
Justice—How much did he get fer it?
Candidate—Fifty cents.
Justice—I reckon I'll commit him fer cuttin prices. Ain't been a vote sold in this community in 10 years for less'n a dollar an a half!—Atlanta Constitution.

A Cheerful Reflection.

Stokes—What makes you so happy?
Murray Hill—I've been looking all day for a home in the country.
Stokes—And you found something that just suited you, I suppose.
Murray Hill—No, but I feel happy to think I don't have to live in any of the places I saw.—Brooklyn Life.

Too Far.

Skidds—I suppose it's all right to call a spade a spade, but——
Shadds—But what?
Skidds (with a sad remembrance of having tried to beat a flush with two small pairs the night before)—A man is a blooming chump to call five of them.—Buffalo Courier.

In Philadelphia.

Nell—What are you reading?
Belle—"A Model Man." It's dreadfully stupid.
Nell—Yes. They usually are.—Philadelphia Record.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY OFFICES.

STATE SENATOR.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for State Senator from Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
JOHN F. ROHRBACKER.

JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT.

Editor SENTINEL—I am a candidate for renomination as Judge Superior Court, subject to decision of democratic county convention, June 2.
C. M. DAWSON.

JUDGE CIRCUIT COURT.

Editor SENTINEL—You are authorized to announce my name as a candidate for Judge of the Allen circuit court, subject to the democratic nominating convention, to be held June 2.
CHARLES H. WORDEN

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for Judge of the Allen circuit court, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention, June 2nd.
EDWARD O'ROURKE.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for prosecuting attorney of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
E. V. EMRICK.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for prosecuting attorney subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
N. D. DOUGHMAN.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for prosecuting attorney, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
F. W. SCHADEN.

COUNTY CLERK.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce me as a candidate for the nomination for clerk of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
JACOB KERN.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for county clerk, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
HARRY M. METZGER.

FOR AUDITOR.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
WM. MEYER, JR.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention, June 2nd.
CLARENCE W. ROSALL.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for auditor of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
J. C. PELTIER.

COUNTY TREASURER.

L. C. Hunter (Lon), the present deputy county treasurer, will be a candidate for the nomination of county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
WILLIAM SCOTT.
Of Lafayette Township.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for county treasurer, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
A. H. SCHNITKER.
Of Adams Township.

FOR SHERIFF.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for renomination to the office of sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
EDWARD F. CLAUSMEIER.

COUNTY RECORDER.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce the name of Louis Hazzard as a candidate for recorder of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention, for one term only.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for recorder of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
PATRICK RYAN.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce the name of our present "County Recorder," George W. Fickel, for re-election, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
JAS. C. CRAIG.
CONRAD ERGEMANN.
JOHN A. McCLELLAN.
Committee R.R. Club.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for county surveyor, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
CHAS. W. BRANSTRATOR.

FOR CORONER.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for renomination for coroner of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
DR. M. HARRIS.

FOR COMMISSIONER.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce me as a candidate for county commissioner for the first district, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
GOTTLIEB SCHAFER,
Milan Township.

Kindly announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner of the First district subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
S. F. BAKER,
Monroe Township.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for county commissioner from the Second district, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
M. A. FERGUSON,
Of Washington Township.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce me as a candidate for county commissioner for the Second district, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
WM. W. TREACE,
Cedar Creek Township.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for commissioner of the Second district of Allen county, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
DAVID McCRORY,
Of Cedar Creek Township.

FOR TOWNSHIP OFFICES.

FOR TOWNSHIP TRUSTEE.

Editor SENTINEL—At the earnest solicitation of many friends I have consented to announce my name as a candidate for the office of township trustee, subject to the decision of the democratic county convention.
M. F. SCHAETZER.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for trustee of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
FRANK M. CHAPMAN.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for Township Trustee of Wayne Township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
WILLIAM GAFFNEY.

TOWNSHIP ASSESSOR.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for assessor of Wayne township subject to the decision of the township Democratic nominating convention.
LOUIS S. C. SCHROEDER.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for assessor of Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
MICHAEL V. WALSH.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for justice of the peace, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention, June 9th.
HARRY F. FRANCE.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce my name as a candidate for Justice of the Peace for Wayne township, subject to the decision of the democratic nominating convention.
W. L. AREVINE.

MARSHAL OF SOUTH WAYNE.

Editor SENTINEL—Please announce that I am an independent candidate for marshal of South Wayne.
J. B. TYLER.

WALL PAPER.

NOT IN THE TRUST——— ———NOT IN THE TRUST.

KEIL & KEIL.

Having bought all our wall paper outside the trust or combine, WE are in a position to give our patrons

BETTER SATISFACTION, LOWER PRICES

and a larger variety of patterns to select from than any other dealers carrying only small stocks. We carry all grades, from the cheapest to the most elaborate and artistic designs, and at prices that cannot be duplicated.

Also, Dealers in Curtains, Pictures, Easels, Picture and Room Mouldings.

Especial attention given to furnishing plans and estimates, for papering Churches, Hotels, Stores, Public Buildings and Residences. Long experience enables us to guarantee perfect satisfaction. Call and see us.

KEIL & KEIL, 116 Calhoun street.

The Peristyle Has Fallen

but the Statue of the Republic stills stands with her gilded back to its blackened ruins. Niobe like, she drops regretful tears into the silent lagoon at her feet, and rouses the lonely Columbia upon her fountain across the Court of Honor with the salutation

"Good Morning,
Have you seen

Picturesque World's Fair?"

PICTURESQUE WORLD'S FAIR, the latest and grandest of World's Fair reproductions, is the ONLY series that appears in natural colors, each of its 256 pictures being reproductions of

Water Colored Photographs,

By famous artists, and each one being worthy of a frame. It is also the only work which is indorsed by Director General Geo. R. Davis, and the labor and expense of its production are so great successful imitation is out of the question. All the resources of art and the aid of all modern improvements in printing, in portraiture and in engraving, have been summoned, and the work is what might have been expected from expenditure on such a grand scale. It is so remarkable that the Director General gave promptly to "Picturesque World's Fair" his enthusiastic indorsement and approval. Who better than he should know when at last the Columbian exposition has been rightly pictured, who better than the man who was at the head, whose enterprise and energy afforded so much of the grand impetus of the undertaking, whose whole heart was in the enterprise and who knows its every feature as a father does his child?

How to Obtain the Series. In every issue of "The Sentinel," there will appear a numbered coupon. Cut this coupon out and preserve it until six of different dates have been accumulated, then bring or forward them, together with TWENTY CENTS, to the Fine Art Department of "The Sentinel" and there will be delivered to your address the part called for of the series of sixteen parts of this magnificent collection of sixteen colored views each, which make up

Picturesque World's Fair.

Worn Out Faces Rejuvenated

Consultation Free at Office or by Letter.

20 years practical experience in skin diseases, moles, warts, birthmarks, superfluous hair, permanently removed. Illustrated treatise on "Beauty and Health" 50 cents, sent free to ladies. Ladies only. Inclose stamp for reply.

John H. Woodbury Dermatological Institute.

Established 1870. 125 W. 42d St., N.Y.

Woodbury's Facial Soap for the Skin, Scalp and Complexion. 3 cakes, $1.00, or druggists everywhere.

WANTED.

WANTED—Position by current bookseller. Call at 21 West Wayne street.

WANTED—Travelling salesman or boy to sell our Fine Cigars. The Ernest Cigar Co., Lynchburg, Va. 7-7w

WATER FILTERS—Persons handling Water Filters in our neighborhood interested in O. Box 114, Boise, Idaho.

WANTED—Young girl to take care of children and assist with housework. Call at 41 Edgewood avenue, city.

WANTED—All parties desiring suitable jobs are requested to call and leave name at 127 East Wayne street, corner of Clay. 2-14tf

WANTED—If you are a Catholic, and will work for $15 per week, write Catholic, box 797, Franklin street, Boston, Massachusetts.

WANTED—A girl for general housework. W. Moss furnishes best of references and is ready to commence work next Saturday. 12 West Berry street.

WANTED—Distributing city managers to represent the United States Bureau, medical society, literary, accident and burial societies. Cost $100 per month. Address, H. Hatcher, secretary, Scranton, Pa. 25 Wilkes-Barre.

AGENTS wanted to handle our handy A. Canadian screen supply stock. Salary or commission. Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont. advertise 16.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms. Inquire at 83 East Lewis street. 2-4tf

FOR RENT—Well furnished front room, heated, at 37 West Washington. 30-tf

FOR RENT—Elegant furnished rooms. Will board, at 46 East Jefferson St. 7-3

FOR RENT—A comfortable home, suitable for a small family, at 2 Lafayette street. Enquire of Dr. Nieuwsamer, 33 Calhoun street.

FOR RENT—Rooms nicely furnished, for light housekeeping, or without board. Rent of rooms by the week only. Inquire with the family, 109 Lafayette street. 6-tf

FOR RENT—The upper room house, No. 127 East Main street, recently painted throughout and fitted with both natural and coal gas, and hot and cold water, in a locality for a doctor. Inquire at 18 Lafayette street.

FOR RENT—A neat one house, first class location, central. Electric lights and gas, water in house, recently painted throughout, with shade and hitching posts, and hydrant water, all modern improvements will be ready for occupancy April 1. Inquire of Gilbert Bayne, 17 Fort Wayne street.

FOR RENT—Dwelling house, 2 Garden street, 6 rooms, bath room, stable, dwelling, 37 Lafayette street, 8 rooms, bath room, gas and hot and cold water, 107 Harmar street, dwelling, 27 Lafayette street, dwelling, 36 Brook street, dwelling, 2 Walnut street, dwelling, 31 Lafayette street, dwelling, 2 Brandriff street, dwelling, 16 West Wayne street, dwelling, 56 Wells street, dwelling, 22 Rockhill street.

SCHMAN & WIMAN,
No. 74 Court St., first floor.

LOST.

LOST—A pair of gold glasses, between Lafayette and Fort Wayne, on Berry street. Finder will please leave at 22 West Berry.

LOST—On Bay Horse excursion, a leather hand bag, gold lined, containing valuable jewelry. Finder will please leave at Sentinel office. 2-2

LOST—Ladies and watch, between Lewis and Wallace streets, on Brackenridge street, return to 122 East Jefferson street and receive reward. 30-tf

PROFESSIONAL.

DOCTOR MAY WEBER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and residence, 38 Madison street. Specialty—Diseases of women. Office hours, from 8 a. m. to 3 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Telephone No. 429.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOUIS F. GUIDES,
Real Estate Agent, Rooms 3 and 4 Bank Block.

Keep for sale, or trade for city property, building lots, small partial payments, on terms to suit the purchaser. I have any number of houses and lots, ranging in price from $50 to $4,000, several choice business blocks for sale, very cheap. Money to loan.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!
You Want Money to Buy a Home.
You want Money to Build a Home.
You want Money to Pay a Mortgage.
You want Money for Any Purpose.
Go to Any Time and Money Will Be Given You.
Go to the Allen Co. Loan & Savings Association,
Rooms 6 and 7 Wolfe's Block, and have your wants supplied at the best monthly payment and easiest payments ever offered.
T. C. HOUSER, Sec'y. JES. WHITE, Pres.

HUMANE SOCIETY NOTICE.
All parties having large crates of cats or crates of animals or children will please send word to the Fort Wayne Humane Society by calling up or writing such information. Office 17 Court House. H. Bloom President. Telephone 3.

"April Showers Bring May Flowers" and

TALL GRASS

To give your lawn a good appearance use our Lawn Mowers.

LAWN MOWERS,

And when the April showers have ceased, then apply the Hammond Grass and Weed Cutter. Also Garden Hose, and your lawn will be always well watered.

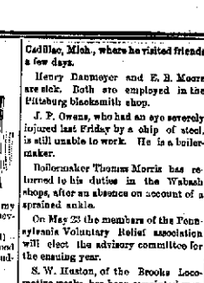
Wagon Landsprings for Spring Horses and Wagon Repaired and Painted. Also, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.

PFEIFFER & SCHLATTER,
38 and 40 East Columbia Street.

DR. S. A. BARKER'S
HERB TEA
Diseases and Sorrows the Flesh is heir to, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Piles, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Weakness, Blood Diseases.
DR. S. A. BARKER'S HERB TEA CURES CONSUMPTION.
Sole Proprietor, Gilmore Centre, Toledo, Ohio. Agents for Fort Wayne, Ind., Lindemann, Schmidt, Fuhrman, Wm. Tonnelier, Wm. Gump.

BROW
THE GREAT FRENCH CURE
Quickly and completely restores lost vigor, nervous prostration, all results of excess, or excessive use of tobacco or opium, premature decay, loss of manhood, impotency, lost power, nightly emissions, wakefulness, pimples on face, blotches, aversion to society, etc. Prevents premature old age and insanity. $1 per box, 6 boxes, $5. Sent by mail. Circulars free. Sold by druggists everywhere. Address all orders to the sole agent for the United States,
J. M. E. RIEDEL,
ARCHITECT.
SCHMITZ BLOCK, 3d Floor

An Unfulfilled Prediction.



Miss Willkers—When I was born, my grandmother predicted that I would never live to be old.

Silliwinkle (relishing to be pleasant)—Ha, ha, ha! Ho, ho, ho! What a good joke you must have on your grandmother! Puck.

COMING HERE.

A Party of Purdue Students Headed This Way.

An Appeal for Aid for the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western—Local Gossip.

The junior class in mechanical engineering of Purdue university is out on its annual educational tour. To-day the students are visiting the Panhandle shops at Logansport and this evening, at 7:05 o'clock, they will arrive in this city over the Wabash and take quarters at the Wayne. Tomorrow, Friday and Saturday will be devoted to visiting the various shops in this city in the following order: Electric Light works, Wabash shops, Bass shops, Johnson & Simonson's factory, Anthony Wayne works, Kerr Murray works, Olds Wagon works, Standard Wheel works, Organ factory, Wayne Knitting mills, Indiana Machine works, Fleming Manufacturing company's works, Bowser Oil Tank works and the Fort Wayne Furniture works. J. J. Flather, professor of mechanical engineering, who is chaperone to the students, has secured permission from the officials of the above shops to visit all the departments. The foremen of the various departments have also been instructed to lend what aid they can in making the visit of the students profitable and pleasant. In the party are J. W. Bailey, P. W. Covert, H. C. Coe, P. F. Galle, Dwight Gerber, J. M. Hessler, E. B. Hyde, C. H. Kochenberger, H. C. LaFollette, T. E. Layden, A. H. Thomas and J. C. Whitelidge.

MONEY, FIRE'S ANNUAL REPORT.

The annual report of the directors of the New York, Chicago and St. Louis (Nickel Plate railroad) to the stockholders, made today, presents the following: The gross earnings for the year were $5,789,748 10, the largest in the history of the road, being an increase of $830,383.17 over 1892. This was virtually due to an increase of $1,031,077 02 in the passenger earnings, caused by the large travel to and from the World's Columbian exposition. The freight earnings decreased $737,383.30. The average rate received per ton per mile was .848 cent. The average rate received per passenger per mile was 1.6 cents, and a comparison with 1892 shows an increase in the former rate of .014 cent, and an increase in the latter rate of .01 cent. The cost per ton per mile was .478 cent. The cost per passenger per mile was .75 cent. The charge to expenses include all expenditures for additions to the property, no charge having been made to construction and equipment. These expenditures were $28,738.17 for new buildings, $20,563 36 for new side tracks, $5,073 00 for right of way and $65,022 62 for passenger and dining cars. The increase in general expenses is principally caused by charging that account with $10,000, the amount paid for 1,000 shares in the capital stock of the World's Columbian exposition. The total expenses for the year were $5,671,135 68; surplus from operations of the year 1893, after paying interest rental, sinking fund and dividend on preferred stocks, $54,141.49.

FORT WAYNE AND EASTERN.

Attorney A. A. Forman filed the petition to the county commissioners late yesterday afternoon asking for an election on the proposition to aid the construction of the Findlay, Fort Wayne and Western road in the sum of $150,000. The petition was signed by fifty-seven of our business men. In consideration for the donation the railroad company promises to "build its line of railroad into said township and make the city of Fort Wayne a division point in its line, and build and maintain within the city limits of Fort Wayne, in Wayne township, a suitable office building with telegraph office connected, and erect, operate and maintain in said city of Fort Wayne or within one mile from its limits the principal manufacturing, construction and repair shops of said railroad, and to that end and for that purpose construct a machine shop not less than 300 feet long by 110 feet wide, a blacksmith and boiler shop combined, to be 150 feet long by 80 feet wide; a storeroom and oil house 50 feet long by 30 feet wide; and also a round house containing not less than twelve stalls with a substantial turntable, sidetracks to stand room for cars, each of the foregoing buildings to be constructed of stone and brick and covered with slate roofs, and all of said improvements to be commenced within six months from the date the vote is taken, and be completed within eighteen months thereafter."

MINOR MENTION.

MINOR MENTION.

L. E. Horner, of the Wabash shops, has returned from North Liberty.

Dr. J. H. Barnhill, of the Pennsylvania Relief association, is in Cleveland.

Machinist Ed Fox, of the Pittsburg, is off duty today looking after some private affairs.

R. N. Hicks, traveling passenger agent of the Lake Erie and Western railroad, is in the city.

Blacksmith Joseph Carry, of the Pittsburg shops, is suffering with a lame foot and is off duty.

Anthony Fisher, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, has returned from Cadillac, Mich., where he visited friends a few days.

Henry Dannoyer and E. B. Moore are sick. Both are employed in the Pittsburg blacksmith shop.

J. P. Owens, who had an eye severely injured last Friday by a chip of steel, is still unable to work. He is a boilermaker.

Boilermaker Thomas Morris has returned to his duties in the Wabash shops, after an absence on account of a sprained ankle.

On May 23 the members of the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief association will elect the advisory committee for the ensuing year.

S. W. Huston, of the Brooks Locomotive works, has been appointed master mechanic of the Buffalo and Susquehanna, vice L. T. Johnson, resigned.

Frank Calnes, gang foreman in the Pittsburg shops, caught seventeen bass in the St. Joe river yesterday afternoon. This beats the foreman's record.

Supt. P. S. O'Rourke has returned from Michigan, where he attended the annual election of the directors of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad company.

W. S. Price, who represents a large Texas manufacturing establishment, is the guest of J. E. Noble. Mr. Price comes here to purchase a steam plant and will no doubt leave an order with the Base works.

The Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis company has completed its extension from Wheeling Junction, via New Cumberland, to a point opposite Wellsville, Ohio, and will today open it for traffic.

Citizens of Logansport are so sure that a receiver will be appointed for the Eel river division of the Wabash that they have named W. A. Ostner, chief engineer of the Indianapolis, Logansport and Chicago, for the position.

J. H. Hanley, clerk in Foreman Rodebaugh's office at the Pittsburg shops, left this morning for New York, accompanied by his wife. They will attend the wedding of Mr. Hanley's cousin, Miss Bib Malin, who has visited this city several times.

Hon. John C. New, of Indianapolis, has been elected president of the Washington and Chesapeake railroad, now being built. J. H. Jackson, president of the Jackson & Sharpe car works, at Wilmington, Del., was last week elected one of the directors.

William B. Smith, clerk in the Base offices, will celebrate his seventy-eighth birthday next Saturday. For one who has lived nearly four score years Mr. Smith is a remarkably active and healthy man. In fact, he has the appearance of a man not over fifty-five years old.

Citizens of New Albany are a good deal exercised that the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis management has made arrangements to occupy the passenger station of the Pennsylvania company at that point, thus indicating that the new passenger station D. J. Mackey promised should be built will not be built by the people now in power.

Henry T. Gallup, general superintendent of the Boston and Albany, retired from that position yesterday on account of ill health, and is succeeded by W. R. Robeson. Mr. Gallup had been on the Boston and Albany forty-one years, commencing as a brakeman, then becoming passenger conductor; in 1880 was appointed general freight agent and in 1886 general superintendent of the road.

Judge Ewing yesterday dissolved the injunction secured by the Lake Shore railroad restraining the city of Chicago from tearing up the company's tracks at Sixty-third and State streets. The tracks, thirty in number, were at once removed by a force of seventy-five policemen, who had been kept in waiting, and outwitted the railroad company. The city disputed the authority of the railroad company to lay the tracks and claimed it had to remove them more than a month ago, when the company secured its injunction.

The Railroad Gazette of April 28 gives a record of accidents on railways of the United States in the month of March. The statement shows that there were 112 accidents, in which twenty-two persons were killed and eighty-six injured. For the fourth consecutive month the record of accidents has been lighter than in any months of five years past. Only twenty-two persons were killed, and of these five were passengers, and there is no record of a passenger being killed in either February or March, which is remarkable.

George M. Pullman, president of the Pullman Palace Car company, has just returned from a trip to the Pacific coast, and on his return notified General Superintendent Gerrelson that he wished that steps be taken to show the conductors and porters who have been in the company's service over five years their appreciation of their faithfulness. There are 650 of them, some of the number having served the company over twenty years, and one twenty-five years. In carrying out Mr. Pullman's wishes it has been decided to award to each of such employes who have served for five years a "badge of honorable service," to be worn upon the left sleeve of the uniform, and to consist of an embroidered bar (gold for conductors and silver for porters) and a similar bar for each additional five years of service. As a further recognition the company will present to each of the conductors or porters who have served ten years or more two uniforms per year while they continue in service.

Thomas McGee, clerk in Superintendent Potter's office, is moving his family today from Williams to West DeWald street.

Master Mechanic W. W. Atterbury and Foreman George Judy, of the Pittsburg, will leave for Altoona this evening, to be absent several days.

On account of a scarcity of coal the stationary boilers in the Pittsburg shops are steamed up by wood. The situation in the coal famine grows more serious daily.

Ed. Reigh, who has been employed as a stenographer in Supt. George L. Potter's office, left today for Columbus, Ohio, where he will take a position in Master Mechanic Barney Fitzpatrick's office. Mr. Reigh has many friends here, who are sorry to lose their city.

Explained.

Hostess—Of course the dinner is given for Miss Pauly, but I can't for you life lay in because you never will take the trouble to be agreeable except for a pretty woman.

Peggy Worthend—Whom do I take in then?

Hostess—Mrs. Parkin.

Peggy Worthend—But she's ugliest thing Miss Pauly.

Hostess—I know that, but she's married and used to being neglected.—Life.

He Knows His Business.

Proprietor of the shoe story—Before I take you into my employ as clerk let me ask you one question. What do you know about the No. 3 size of ladies' shoes?

Applicant (promptly)—There are 17 sizes of No. 3 shoes.

Proprietor—Engaged!—Chicago Record.

Cleared.

"I hope my last book found favor in your eyes, Miss Lovelorne?"

Miss Lovelorne—It certainly did. The leaves were just the right width for the pantry shelf.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Pleasant Reading.

Chum—What are you reading now?

Dom—Historical novels.

"Do you like them?"

"Yes, indeed. There is so much I can skip."—New York Weekly.

The Brilliant Masculine

Essential to that production of the most perfect and popular laxative recently known, have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy, Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

A Dairyman's Opinion.

Sir: I nothing I have ever used for muscular rheumatism that gives me as much relief as Chamberlain's Pain Balm does. I have used it for about two years—four bottles in all—as occasion required, and always keep a bottle of it in my home. I believe I know a good thing when I get hold of it, and pain Balm is the best liniment I have ever met with. W. B. Denny, dairyman, New Lexington, Ohio. 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

COMING EXCURSIONS.

May 3—Reformed Orphans and Masons to Richmond.

May 6 and 7—Music Festival, Indianapolis.

May 13 and 14—Daughters of Rebekah, Indianapolis.

May 14 and 15—May Musical Festival, Indianapolis.

May 15 and 16—Odd Fellows Grand Lodge, Indianapolis.

May 18—Sells Brothers' Circus, Delaware, Ohio.

May 21 and 22—Masonic Grand Lodge, Indianapolis.

May 22 and 23—People's party convention, Indianapolis.

June 5—Sons of Columbus, Rome City.

June 7—Literary society of St. John's church, Rome City.

June 8—High school, Rome City.

June 12—Spring society of Zion's Lutheran church, Rome City.

June 14—Fort Wayne Grays, Rome City.

June 15—Grace Reformed church, Rome City.

June 18—Westminster church, Rome City.

June 19—Fort Wayne Rifles, Rome City.

June 20—Young people of the Lutheran churches, Rome City.

June 21—M. F. P. club, Rome City.

June 22—Young People's society of St. John's Reformed church, Rome City.

June 23—Boilermakers' union, Rome City.

June 25—Baptist Boys' brigade, Rome City.

June 26—Kettle club, Rome City.

June 27—Soldiers of the Cathedral, Rome City.

June 28—Owl club, Rome City.

June 29—English Lutheran church, Rome City.

A Pointer to Travelers.

While Mr. T. J. Kelley, of Altona, Mo., was traveling in Kansas he was taken violently ill with cholera morbus. He called at a drug store to get some medicine and the druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy as highly recommended. He took a dose of it and concluded to try it. The result was immediate relief, and a few doses cured him completely. It is made for bowel complaint and nothing else. It never fails. For sale by druggists.

PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY,
PITTSBURG, APRIL 20TH, 1894.

NOTICE—The annual meeting of the stock and bondholders of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway company will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Wednesday, May 16th, 1894, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of electing three Directors in the place of a like number whose term of service expires on that day.

17-tf JOHN J. HALEY, Secretary.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

HOPE FOR DYSPEPTICS.

A Natural Food That Does Not Require Digestion.

THE WAY IT IS DONE.

How Raising With Fruit Acids Digests Food Before It Is Even Taken Into the Stomach.

Natural foods are as a rule insoluble. They must be dissolved before they can be absorbed.

Digestion is the dissolving of food in our mouth, stomach and intestines. It is done by special ferments prepared by special organs.

A great deal of energy is used up in digestion. Well people can spare the energy, sick people cannot. People who have not sufficient energy suffer from indigestion.

It is plain that Paskola, which is an artificially digested food, will save a sick person a good deal of energy.

Artificial digestion is the dissolving of food outside the body by the same ferments that dissolve it inside the body. Paskola is a fattening food made of grains and fruit that has been digested in this way. It also aids in the digestion of other food.

Sick people need all their energy to get well. They should take Paskola. Thin people spend their energy in business or other cares and worry. Paskola will make them fat without giving their digestive organs any work.

Paskola is an artificial natural fattening food. It is more. It is a natural tonic food that does not create false new energy but helps you to husband what you have.

Any one who reads the thankful words which follow will be convinced of the surpassing worth of this great artificially digested food:

WENTON, N. J., March 8, 1894.

The Pre-Digested Food Co., 30 Reade street, New York:

GENTLEMEN: Yours of recent date at hand. I have given the pamphlets to different persons as requested.

And now let me add that I have not changed my mind any in reference to the superior value of Paskola, and I, it is doing wonderful work. Not only is it running and crystal like in appearance, but its worth is felt more every day since I commenced using it. I take it according to directions, and what is still more, instead of its being fascinating and unpleasant, it is delicious.

I think also that Paskola needs little advertisement and few testimonials as it will be accepted on its own merits, this being sufficient to convince the most skeptical after a trial of a day or two at longest.

I say it is a food fully capable of doing even more good than for which it is advertised (dyspepsia).

I consider it simple duty to tell what it is doing for me, that the discoverer may be encouraged and assured of its marvelous value. Respectfully,

MRS. H. P. CASE.

BRIDGETON, N. J., April 11, 1894.

The Pre-Digested Food Co., 30 Reade St., New York.

GENTLEMEN:—Seeing your advertisement of Paskola as a flesh forming food, I concluded to test the efficacy of your preparation for my little girl, who is now four years of age, and has always been thin and puny; in fact, has been under the doctor's care from birth.

Before the first bottle had been consumed I discharged the doctor, as I noticed such a marked and rapid change for the better, as she is rapidly gaining in flesh. Her little face, once so thin and colorless, is now rounding up daily and I notice a pink tint on her cheeks that I never saw before.

Paskola is worth its weight in gold.

WM. M. MILLER.

Paskola may be obtained of any reputable druggist. A pamphlet on food and digestion will be mailed free on application to the Pre-Digested Food Co., 30 Reade St., New York.

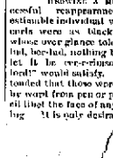
ABOUT MAKING UP.

IMPORTANT PART OF THE ACTOR'S PLAYING.

The Lining Pencil May Be Used to Transform Youth Into Old Age—Coloring the Eyes—Changing the Beard and Mustache.

THE ART OF MAKING-up is one which every actor cultivates most assiduously. Herein comes a knowledge which by his countenance he can by the words which so glibly roll off his tongue. An extra wrinkle about the eye will whisper of anything between a disbelief unmurdered and a hungry interior; a slightly-colored nose may either betray a tendency to too-frequent falling down in adoration of Bacchus, or the excessive coloring may act as a silent reminder of a "cold it do heal" and the advisability of an immediate application of a small bottle of glycerine.

Of late years, however, some of our actors are beginning to play pranks with their faces, and are forgetting that they possess a canvas which needs no delineating with the colors as that on the easel of a Royal Academician. There is a positive danger of "the Villain at the Vile" making a successful reappearance again—that estimable individual whose cork-screw curls were as black as the devil, whose over glance told her thus "hurtful, heartless, nothing but heartless" and yet, it is re-reviewed at that, my lords" would satisfy. But it is not intended that those words should either be wrot from pen or pasture from pencil that the face of any actor be startling.



BROWING A MUSTACHE.

It is only desirable that the disciples of Thespis should be warned against overdoing their stage faces. There is really no need for it. They are not at Sadler's Wells to-day.

Though it is to be hoped that no modern actor will ever be so stony as to stop to low as the floor for his rouge, yet there seems to be rising up in our midst a generation of actors who altogether misunderstand the use of brush and pencil. Chance at this moment follows, for instance. Doubtless he is endowed with the best of intentions, but he has made his face resemble a sweep's and the five-barred gate he has put on his forehead would not disgrace the entrance to a highly respectable turnip field.

Now, he will enter like that and would probably feel hurt if somebody were to cry out from the gallery that he would be as well if some actors were to let the audience see their faces for a change occasionally. The cultivation of wrinkles—on the stage, of course, is a positive art.

"Must put plenty of lines on the face," says the actor; "I'm playing an old man to-night." But there is no necessity to wrinkle the face like a newly-straightened-out forked lightning; there is no need to lay down new lines on your countenance such as a debilitated luggage train would assume. The effect, from the front, of the lines laid down about the vicinity of the eyes appears like a huge pair of goggles without the connecting link across the bridge of the nose.

Your old stage hand, when called upon to play a country man, will felt you that there is nothing to equal a level coloring all over the face, with a little rouge on the cheeks, and the immediate neighborhood of the eyes touched up to balance the effect. Our country friend is almost as wicked in his makeup as the individual who still pins his faith to the hare's foot—now almost obsolete—and rubs it himself in the glass, and considers an admirable effect is obtained by "rouging" itself.

BRIGHTEN IT IN A GOOD WAY.
A somewhat prominent nasal organ.

Your Dutchman is a funny fellow. Makeup Baxter wig and fat cheeks. There are several ways of obtaining this necessary roundly of the cheeks. Padded pieces may be fitted on to the other parts of the face with spirit gum and colored to match.

Nothing like a good eye—as eagle eye. Hence the actor's hair brush is called into requisition, and our theatrical friend plays at bandbox and tongs and with over his face. The wrinkle off the stage is a distinctive art, and to become as familiar terms with it is very necessary. The actor's hair brush has been superseded by lining pencils, which can be obtained in any color. They possess the great advantage—being made of grease—of giving a wrinkle that will not wash off by perspiration. The "washout" is after the play is over, when the wise resort to vaseline or cold cream, with a wash in warm water afterward.

But, for really beautiful eyes, some ladies may be recommended. The fair performer has to play the juvenile part in a light comedy, have to be loved by the nice-looking young man who crowns himself with golden locks.

"COLORING IT."

Hence she goes in for a contrast—a strong contrast.

"Lover" she murmurs to herself—"love has eyes," and she immediately proceeds to "Two lovely black!"

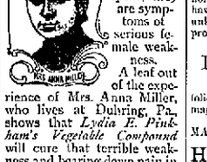
A line under the eye will give it prominence. Too much prominence is not a desirable thing, especially when one's features. But the "juvenile" lady does not stop at black eyeline. The lips have to be made to look kissable, so they are reddened to a delicately puckered-up appearance. The grand finish is to fair up, in total rebellion to the two lovely black!

The ways of producing whiskers, beards or mustaches are of three kinds. They can be made by adding hair on thin silk gauze, which fits the part of the face it is intended to decorate, and stuck on with spirit gum, or they can be made out of crepe hair—a plaited, imitation hair—which in soft fingers may be made into shape. Crepe, too, are held on to the face with spirit gum. The third method is to paint the hair on. The latter course is not recommended.

No Woman Can Be Happy

and light-hearted when painful female complaints crush out her life.

If she is melancholy, excitable, nervous, dizzy, or troubled with sleeplessness or fainting spells, they are symptoms of serious female weakness.



A leaf out of the experience of Mrs. Anna Miller, who lives at Dubring, Pa., shows that *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound* will cure that terrible weakness and bearing-down pain in the abdomen, the dizziness in the head, the feeling of irritability, and loss of appetite.

"I can highly recommend your Vegetable Compound," she writes, "for all female complaints. It has cured many cases where the best doctors failed."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ACROSS THE TABLE.

Across the table sat the bride.
And sparkling wine is poured.
I broke with heavy doubt
She acts supremely bored.

An idly toying with her glass.
To catch the bubbles rise,
She gives the slowest smile which pass
For bridal and apt replies.

Until the dull, dumbfoundering Jones
Grows desperate indeed,
And speaks to her in eager tones
Like casual chance not heed.

While I can only sit and chafe
And feel my tongue tied fast
The remembered pear my friend I ate
Into her mind's eye set.

—Harry Romaine in Vogue.

A Hopeless Case.

The man had groaned so often and confided so hard that every cab in the car was interested, and one sympathetic passenger inquired:

"Got the grip?"

"No, lumbago."

"Then sciatica?"

"Bronchitis."

"Oh!"

There was a spell of silence. The sufferer was from Boston—that was evident because he emphasized the "r" in bronchitis in a way that left no doubt. No one among the passengers dared to resume the complaint until a series of deeper groans and coughs aroused them to a sense of their duty.

"I've had bronchoreeches myself, but I s'pose them is different," said the man with the carpetbag; "feel 'em bad, but I took parlsics for mine, and it cured me all fired quick."

"Brompoins ain't a circumstance to rheumatis," began another man, but he was interrupted.

"Are you talking about bronkeytus? If it's anything like what I had when I was——"

"Tip mustard inside," suggested another. "I've had bronchectus till you couldn't rest, and it always cured me."

"Tain't one kind of bronchitus the gentleman's got at all, is it pardn?"

"No," said the Boston man wearily as he closed his eyes and wished he was dead.

"There, I told you so, didn't I? Poor man. There ain't any helpfer bronkytus on this yearth," and the sympathetic passenger wound up his watch to hide his feelings.—Detroit Free Press.

Spend 75c To Have Your "WORLD'S FAIR VIEWS" BOUND.

Samples of Binding and Prices at SIEMON BROS. and LEHMAN'S BOOK STORE.

S. W. HULL
WALL PAPER,

Window Shades, Room Moulding, Artists' Materials, Mixed Paints, Oil, Glass, Varnish Brushes, Etc. House and Sign Painting, Paper Hanging, Calcimining, Glazing, Etc. Do not place your order for Wall Paper before seeing us.

27 CLINTON STREET. 27

DO NOT FORGET INITIALS OR NUMBER.

Red Seal Boiler Compound

For the removal and prevention of Scale in Steam Boilers. Manufactured by The CHERRY CHEMICAL CO., Office, BETZ BUILDING, Philadelphia, Pa.

Agent Wanted for Fort Wayne and Vicinity. Write for Circular.

Go With Us Around The World.

We offer to our subscribers the most beautiful art work ever published at a merely nominal cost. This is an entirely new work, every plate being made especially for it. It is called

"FAMOUS PAINTINGS OF THE WORLD."

It is a collection of PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTIONS OF GREAT MODERN MASTERPIECES. It contains specimens of the great paintings of all art-producing nations and includes ONE HUNDRED OF THE MOST NOTABLE PAINTINGS at the

WORLD'S COLUMBIAN EXPOSITION.

It accomplishes the most ATTRACTIVE, INTERESTING, PURE and INSPIRING qualities of contemporaneous art. It contains a superb introduction by the greatest living novelist, GEN. LEW. WALLACE.

GEMS OF MODERN ART,

Reproduced by the perfected half-tone process, having the appearance of the most perfect photographs. So large a collection of photographs of paintings could not be purchased for less than $1,000, and yet these photographic reproductions are offered to the public at the insignificant price of TEN CENTS for each portfolio.

Every picture is described by the brightest and best of America's writers on art subjects. These descriptions are not technical or prolix, but bright and interesting.

The materials for this publication have been gathered out of the most Famous Galleries and finest Private Collections in the Old World and the New.

All eminent artists are represented, but the minor artists and young aspirants for artistic honors—whose names are not yet household words have not been overlooked. The Committee of Selection have often chosen a meritorious and pleasing picture by a comparatively unknown artist in preference to an unattractive subject by a painter of prominence. This magnificent art work is in itself a

Home Gallery of Famous Masterpieces.

Do not fail to secure the first portfolio at once. The first Portfolio contains sixteen reproductions of great paintings, and also the magnificent introduction by GENERAL LEW. WALLACE.

All the future portfolios will contain sixteen reproductions of MASTERPIECES OF MODERN ART.

How to Secure This Series:

Clip three "Famous Paintings of the World" coupons from the third page of this paper and send them together with ten cents to the Portfolio Department of "The Sentinel" and the part called for will be sent to your address by mail.

The first three portfolios can be had by calling at the office.

The entire series consists of 20 parts, each part contains 16 photographic reproductions of great paintings of the world.

Address all mail to "The Sentinel" Portfolio Department, including no other business in portfolio orders.

Write name and address plainly

--COUPON--
World's Fair Art Portfolios!
(10 CENT SERIES.)
PART 13. NUMBER 3.
3 Coupons of different dates and 10 cents secure them.
CUT THIS OUT.

--COUPON--
Picturesque World's Fair.
(20 Cent Series.)
PART 13. NUMBER 3.
Clip SIX coupons of different dates and send or bring them with 20 cents to the Fine Art Department of "The Sentinel" and the part called for will be sent by mail.
Write your name and address plainly.

COUPON
Famous Paintings of the World!
Part 10. No. 3.
Clip three coupons of different dates and bring or send them to the Portfolio Department of "The Sentinel" together with TEN cents and the part called for will be sent to your address by mail.
Write name and address plainly.

--COUPON--
HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE CIVIL WAR.
PART 3. NUMBER 3.
Size of Paper, 8x11½ inches, Number of Pages, over 500. Number of Parts, 20. Price of each part, only 10 cents. Number of Pages per part, 16 and all of the history besides.
3 Coupons of different dates and 10 cents secure each part.

ESTABLISHED 1845.

J. C. PELTIER,
17 W. Wayne St.
(Bell Telephone No. 61.)
Indiana Telephone No. 8.

SCHEIMAN & SCHMIN, Funeral Directors and Embalmers,
No. 80 W. Main St., Fort Wayne, Ind.
Telephone—For night call, Nos. 173 and 98. Office, No. 22.

PHYSICAL CULTURE AND READING.

NEW PHILOSOPHY.

Jennie Ray Ormsby teaches classes Wednesday and Saturday afternoon from 1.30 to 3.30 o'clock and 7 p. m. on Wednesdays.

Room over Kern & Nelson's Music Store, No. 9 East Columbia Street.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

TRAINS RUN BY CENTRAL TIME
IN FOLLOWING
(SUN. DENOTES SUNDAY.)

FROM FT. WAYNE TO	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Valparaiso and Chicago	4 30 am	8 15 am
New York and Washington	3 28 am	7 30 am
Toledo, Columbus and Cincinnati	3 40 am	8 10 am
Lima and Crestline	5 05 am	8 35 pm
Chicago and Cincinnati	11 00 am	6 45 pm
Chicago and Pittsburg	12 50 pm	11 50 am
Chicago and Pittsburg	10 50 pm	4 20 am
New York and Washington	2 40 pm	2 20 am
Toledo, Columbus and Cincinnati	4 00 pm	10 00 pm
New York and Washington	4 15 pm	4 25 am
Valparaiso and Chicago	4 15 pm	8 25 pm

TRAINS ARRIVE AT FORT WAYNE.
Schedule of November 19, 1893.

DEPOT NORTH.	DEPART.
New York, Boston, Limited, daily	4 45 am
Toledo, Kansas, express, daily	4 55 am
Chicago, Limited, daily	10 05 am
Chicago, Express, daily	1 00 pm
Toledo, Kansas, express, daily	3 00 pm
St. Louis, Limited, daily	9 00 pm
DEPOT WEST.	**DEPART.**
Toledo, Kansas, express, daily	7 00 am
Kansas City Ex., except Sunday	1 00 pm
Chicago, Express, except Sunday	3 00 pm
St. Louis, Limited, daily	9 00 pm

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

DEPOT NORTH.	DEPART.
For Grand Rapids and points north	7 25 am
From Richmond	4 05 pm
DEPOT SOUTH.	
For Richmond and Cincinnati	7 25 am
From Richmond	4 05 pm

All trains daily except Sunday.

LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

SOUTHBOUND.	ARRIVE.
No. 22 Wabash Express	7 30 am
No. 116 Cin. Express and Mail	10 25 am
No. 34 Fast Indianapolis Ex.	2 45 pm
**NORTHBOUND.

IT RUNS EASY!

THAT is what they all say when they first mount a TRIBUNE. There is reason for this, and they are right. Using good material will not alone make a good bicycle, there must also be fine and accurate workmanship, the bearings must be perfect, the chain must fit the sprockets, and all friction must be avoided. It takes time and costs money to build bicycles in this way, but they give the rider satisfaction. **TRIBUNES are built for the Rider** and not for jobbing houses. Insist on having a TRIBUNE; there is not so much profit in it for the dealer, but there is more value in it for you.

Think It Over. --

-- **Catalogue Free.**

Morgan & Beach

19 and 21 East Columbia St.

P. S.—Bicycles Repaired at Short Notice and at Reasonable Prices.

PARLOR SUIT.

Worth $100 for $58.

Just for a flyer, we shall offer today a bran new $100 Silk Brocatelle overstuff suit, with heavy fringes about the base of all the five pieces, for the price of $58. We challenge you to match it in the city at less than $100. See it in our Court street window.

Also two fine Mahogany frame Parlor Suits, covered in fine furniture Satins, of the popular Empire designs—very nobby—at $43.50 and $60.

Also new line of Cordaroy couches at greatly reduced prices. Our parlor goods room is crowded with new things.

Foster Furniture, and Carpet Company.

Mergenthiem's Bazaar

SPECIAL No. 1! ❋

200 - Ladies' Waists,

Sateen, Lawn and Percale Waists,

Formerly sold at $1, 75c and 50c, special price until all are sold

25c!

We expect these will go in a hurry.

SPECIAL No. 2! ❋

Another - Lot of

Those **Pretty**

25 and 30c Embroidered Swiss Handkerchiefs at

14c!

Do not miss these TWO GREAT BARGAINS!

SAVE YOUR DOLLARS.

Mergentheim's Bazaar

Get those grease spots removed, your carpets cleaned, washed, laid and mattresses renovated at The Zimmer Carpet Cleaning Co. Phone, 496. 10 tf

Use Bloomingdale Mills Flour.

Important Notice.

All the coupons of The Sentinel for the different photographic portfolios that we are now offering will be found together in the last column of the third page.

Lost, between Fulton and Ewing streets, on Wayne, sachet bag and pocketbook. Finder will receive reward by returning same to 166 West Wayne street.

264f Mrs. C. F. Muller.

People who are suffering with Catarrh and Bad or Weak Eyes, should call and try the wonderful Actina; free treatment at our new parlors, 10 West Wayne St. 244f

There is no diphtheria in the city but there are four cases of scarlet fever.

Meat Market.

I have opened, at 13 Highland street, a first-class meat market. I will be pleased to have all my friends give me a call.

263 Mathias Borchold.

MONEY TO LOAN

On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, rooms 35 and 36, Bank Block. 2tf

Admission to Sells Bros.' Big Shows only 25 cents. 271d

Stanton's Photos are the best.

Call on Madame Wing, the only reliable clairvoyant and fortune teller in the world. Office and residence 28 Chicago street, Fort Wayne, Ind. Price 50c. 19 tf

Stanton's Photos are the best.

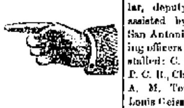
V. W. Grossman the new organist and choirmaster of the Episcopal church, arrived in the city last night and was given a reception at the rectory.

WE OPEN THE SEASON

Today with the greatest stroke of merchandising ever attempted by a Fort Wayne Clothing House—an event that will add a new Epoch to the history of our firm, and that will totally eclipse any and all sales we have ever run. This is a broad statement, but is literally true as a personal investigation will speedily convince you. We have already given the public of this city and vicinity a series of big values in TROUSERS and we now come forward with a veritable "broadside" of bargains in MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDRENS SUITS.

MEN'S ALL WOOL SACK AND FROCK SUITS

$8.88!



These suits come in FINE CLAY WORSTEDS, Blue and Black Cheviots, light colored cassimeres and cheviots, unfinished worsteds and dark cassimeres. The sack suits come in straight fronts or cutaway style and are cut extra long and stylish in every particular. Every one of these suits were made for this season's trade. Every pattern we show you is new, and the trimmings and workmanship is all that you could desire. These suits are actually worth $12, $13, $14 and $15, and you would consider them cheap at that. So confident are we of their strong value that we court a comparison with what other dealers will show you at from $5 to $10 higher in price.

BOY'S NEW SPRING SUITS

The greatest values you ever saw at $2.88, $3.88, $4.88, $5.88, $6.88, $7.88.

Sam, Pete & Max.

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

The Evening Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 2, 1894.

Persons desiring THE DAILY SENTINEL served at their homes can secure it by postal card, request, or order through telephone 173. Where delivery is irregular or is late, please make immediate complaint to the office.

Telephone 650.

To make it more convenient for those desiring to send items of news to The Sentinel, we have placed an extra telephone in the editorial rooms. The number is 650. Anything in the news line will be gladly received over this new wire.

The Weather.

Washington, May 2.—Forecasts until 8 p. m. Thursday. For Indiana: Fair; warmer tonight; southeasterly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

F. W. Baker, of Philadelphia, is in the city.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Sayercool—a girl.

The young ladies at the telephone exchange were kept busy last night.

F. D. Graces and J. D. Doring, of Antwerp, were in the city yesterday.

The quarantine has been removed from the Hamilton house by order of Dr. Miller.

C. F. Pfeiffer has sold to Ida C. Sites a handsome new six-room house on Fourth street.

There will be the regular monthly meeting of the board of the City Y. M. C. A. on Friday, May 4, at 7:30 p. m.

Henry Mollet, of 50 Walnut street, was robbed of his watch yesterday. It was taken out of his coat as it hung on a fence.

Waunetah, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs Loran Ward, is lying seriously ill with lung fever. Dr. G. A. Ross is attending.

Miss Mollie Jacoby, of Milwaukee, Wis., is here attending her aunt, Mrs. George Jacoby, of 87 Murray street, who is seriously ill.

Geo. J. E. Mayer, a former citizen of Fort Wayne and proprietor of the old Mayer house, is one of Coxey's right hand men in Washington.

The big safe at the First National bank has been rendered air tight and burglars would have a hard job to get into it, even with dynamite.

County Clerk Souder issued in the last two weeks first naturalization papers to one hundred men, who cast their first American ballot yesterday.

At the corner of Fairfield avenue and Bass street last night an electric light loop fell, but kept burning and pedestrians were thus warned of the danger.

Dr. Bowen left today for Elkhart to attend a meeting of the Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan Homeopathic Medical society, of which he is president.

It is said that Mrs. Michael DeWald's disappearance from home is due more to her drunken husband than anything else. The children are with their grandmother.

Arthur Dougal and Perry Bosnoth were fishing yesterday and en route home their horses ran away and threw both boys out. They were badly bruised up but not seriously hurt.

Word has reached this city of the death at Decatur, Ind., of Dr. Thomas P. Darwin, ex-president of the National bank. He was sixty-three years of age and an uncle of Dr. Miles F. Porter, of this city.

Dr. Bowen went to Elkhart today to attend a meeting of the Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan Homeopathic Medical society, of which he is president. He will return Friday morning.

A. O. Smith, a grocery drummer, was calling on some of his east side customers yesterday and lost a pocketbook containing $100. It was found some hours later and returned to its rightful owner.

The Sons of Veterans gave a most enjoyable pumpkin pie social at the G. A. R. hall last evening. Some 400 persons attend the dance which followed. The committee in charge of the ball consisted of E. D. Bricker, C. D. Crouse and Charles Darborow.

Court Kekionga, of the Independent Order of Foresters, was instituted last night in Harmony hall by David Millar, deputy supreme chief ranger, assisted by Geo. E. Taylor, of Court San Antonio, California. The following officers were elected and duly installed: C. D. H. C. R., John T. Leach; P. C. R., Chas. B. Woodworth; C. R., A. M. Tower; recording secretary, Louis Geis; financial secretary, D. W. Underwood; treasurer, H. A. Hellings; S. W., L. C. Slandroff; J. W., Henry Sloat; S. B., Walter Fox; J. B., Walter R. Weldon; physician, S. H. Havice, M. D.; chaplain, Frank E. Purcell. There is a large charter list and the instituting officer will remain and give the citizens of Fort Wayne an opportunity of connecting themselves with the court. The court starts out with excellent prospects.

Another Reduction on Butter, Down Another 2c.

Fresh Country Butter, 16c.

Good Tub Butter, 10c lb.

Fresh Eggs, dozen 10c.

Best Flour, City Mills or Orff's, either in Barrels or Sacks, $2.50 barrel.

Fair House.

For the latest things in Ladies' Dongola and Tan Juliets and Oxford Ties, see the windows at the Manufacturers' Salesroom of Boots and Shoes, 25 Calhoun St. 2-4

Pine Apples Down Again 12½c.

Another consignment just received, nice, large, fresh Pines, 12½c each.

Florida Strawberries, 25c qt.

Malaga Grapes, 20c lb.

Florida Oranges, 35c dozen.

Best Lemons, 20c dozen.

Fair House.

MRS. C. R. DRYER.

Her Address Delivered at the Club Convention.

The Society News Gleaned From Here, There and Everywhere in the Social Realm—Short Personal Notes.

The fifth annual convention of the Indiana Union of literary clubs opened yesterday at Indianapolis with a general reception at the Propylaeum for the delegates. About two hundred guests from other cities, officially representing the ninety-two clubs belonging to the union, are in attendance.

After the invocation by Rev. F. E. Newhurst and the roll call of delegates, the address of welcome was delivered by W. P. Fishback. His subject was "A Plea for Clean Literature."

Mrs. Alice P. Dryer, of Fort Wayne, president of the union, then delivered the inaugural address, the subject being, "Indiana and Its Literary Clubs." Mrs. Dryer gave a sketch of the progress of literature in Indiana, and in speaking of the clubs said:

"I hope that by and through the literary clubs a larger and more intelligent audience may be found, who will listen to the ideas, the theories of the thinkers, and bring their practical good sense to meet the ideal and work out beneficent results.

"Toward the attainment of that end numerous forces are at work and various institutions are paving the way. What place among them all is held by literary clubs? What is the sociological significance of the union?" And in closing, said:

"The characteristic of clubs which distinguishes them from other organized means of culture is their catholicity. Their citizenship is cosmopolitan. The literary club is for all who are mentally alive and desirous of intellectual growth. To any such, however humble in achievement the club may be, the the medium first of sympathy, then of appreciation, then of penetration, finally of revelation. A majority of the papers presented and subjects discussed are not distinctively literary, but deal with history, travel, religion, art, science, politics, law, medicine and all the practical questions of the day. One necessary qualification of a good club member is toleration, the ability to hear, to entertain with respect and to enjoy the expression of opinions divergent from his own. The characteristic of culture is not the possession of superior knowledge, but of higher ideals. Culture is the flower of character and its possessor will not be satisfied with the commonplace or the incompetent, whether it be in the pulpit, at the bar, or in the office of public trust."

The paper was discussed by John R. Wilson, of the Indianapolis Century club.

After the president's address, a discussion was held on the question, "What is the Object of the Literary Club?" Mrs. M. A. Brannan, of the Woman's Reading club, of Fort Wayne spoke. Her answer was that the object is breadth of culture; benefit to the family. She cited the instance of a boy and his mother reading literature together from the mother having belonged to a club. Replying to the question, "Is the Preparation of Papers, Advantageous?" Mrs. D. N. Foster, of Fort Wayne, said the question was resolved into "Are Fifteen Inferior Papers More Advantageous Than One Superior Paper?" The next question was "The Ethical Duties of Not Encroaching on the Time or Rights of Others." Mrs. A. D. Guild, of Fort Wayne, gave it as her opinion that, while one would scorn to take any of the personal belongings of another, yet one does not hesitate to take the time of others, which can never be repaid. Officers in clubs and societies should begin meetings on time and members should not talk too much."

The Indianapolis Journal says. "Mrs. C. R. Dryer, president of the I. U. L. C., is the member of the Fortnightly and the Morning Musicale clubs, of Fort Wayne. She modestly refused to say anything about herself or her work in the clubs, but was pleasingly earnest in her words of commendation of the clubs of Fort Wayne. There are fourteen clubs in that city, and ten of them belong to the union. The Literary, Musical and Art clubs are all represented, the latter by a number of pictures and a very handsome vase, in addition to the president, Miss Fanny Winch, and delegate, Miss Hanna. Next to this city, Fort Wayne has the greatest number of clubs in the union."

SOCIETY NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Romies left last evening for New York city.

Miss Mamie Craig, of Lima, Ohio, is the guest of Miss Lulu Noll.

Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Siver left today for Indianapolis for a short visit.

Mrs. W. E. Bingham, of Lagrange, is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. N. A. Sprong.

The Missionary club will meet this evening in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian church.

Miss Anna Crowe, of Huntington, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. James Bailey, of 51 Madison street.

Mrs. L. M. Humphrey, of West Berry street, who has been quite seriously ill with pleurisy, is much better.

Mr. Webb, of Indianapolis, is a guest at the Randall, and Mrs. Webb is spending a few days in this city during his stay here.

The Anonymous club will be entertained tomorrow evening by Mrs. A. W. Pickard, at her East Washington street home.

Tomorrow evening Miss Clara Baltes will entertain friends in honor of Miss Carrie Limbach, of Cleveland, Ohio, who is her guest.

Mrs. John Reis and sister, Mrs Bernhart, of Lafayette, are the guests of friends in the city. They came to attend the funeral of the late Mr. H. J. Poyser.

Mrs. C. Wagner, who has resided at the corner of Griffith and Jefferson streets for many years, is today moving into the cosy house at No. 89 West Jefferson street.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary society of the Berry street M. E. church will meet in the church parlors tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Degree of Honor No. 11, A. O. U. W., at its meeting last evening, reconsidered the question of delegates to the grand lodge, which meets at Terre Haute next Tuesday, and elected Mrs. Christian Miller and Mrs. E. B. Smith to represent them. The delegates elected by No. 2 are Mesdames A. S. Coverdale and N. Conover. Credentials as past chief were also given to Mrs. S. D. Melsheimer, who will attend the grand lodge in company with the ladies mentioned above. Mesdames Baxter and Salyer, of Auburn, representing the lodge of that city, will join the Fort Wayne delegation here next Monday and accompany it to Terre Haute.

IS HE A FRAUD?

Elmer Tompkins Has a Very Smooth Tongue.

He and the Son of An English Lord Have Bought the Randall in Their Mind.

A week or so ago a man giving his name as Elmer Tompkins arrived in this city and registered at the Randall hotel. He was well dressed and had a pompous air about him which he utilized to a marked degree. He was accompanied by his wife and nothing was too good for the Tompkins'. About the same time there appeared at the hotel another well dressed gentleman who said his name was R. H. Sofer. This man said he was the second son of an English lord and had heaps of cash. Tompkins and Sofer appeared to be very friendly and in a day or so made up their minds to buy the hotel. They also thought of buying the electric light works and several other big concerns. These two men made Perry Randall and Dick Townsend an offer, which was decidedly liberal. After staying about the hotel several days and making people exceedingly "weary" by this talk the two men left. Sofer paid his bill, but Tompkins and his wife did not.

The hotel sale (?) fell through with and now Tompkins and his wife are at Indianapolis and the former is reporting that he has purchased the Randall and all the appurtenances. Dick is flooded with telegrams and letters, asking if it is a fact that he has sold out. "If Tompkins is not a dead beat he is a man of gigantic imagination," says Dick.

LECTURE ON ALASKA.

Capt. A. H. Dougal at the Y. M. C. A. Tomorrow Night.

Tomorrow evening at the city Y. M. C. A. hall Capt. Allan H. Dougall will deliver an interesting lecture on Alaska, for the benefit of the Killisnoo mission school in Alaska, which was destroyed by fire on February 18th. Captain Dougal spent several weeks in that country and gives an exceedingly good description of the people, their customs and life and of the work that is being done by the missionaries. The work at Killisnoo received a serious check by the fire, and the teachers, as well as the pupils of the school, are greatly in need of assistance. The lecture should be heard by everyone who is interested in missionary work.

The Baltimore Episcopal Methodist says: "Simmons' Liver Regulator is acknowledged to have no equal as a liver medicine, containing those Southern roots and herbs which an allwise Providence has placed in countries where liver diseases prevail."

The nobbiest thing in Men's Tans and Patent Leather Shoes can be had at the Manufacturers' Salesroom of Boots and Shoes, 25 Calhoun St. 2-4

Children's Russet Shoes for 50c, 75c, $1.00 at Thing Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

The Great Spring Wrap Sale at the Bee Hive draws an immense patronage. Every Spring and Summer Wrap closed out at cost price. Come at once for Styles and Sizes.

M. FRANK & CO.,
Bee Hive.

See our Men's Russet Shoes at $1.50, $2.50, $2.50, $3.00. All new styles and beauties. 25 West Main St.

Did you see that new line of Gents' Patent Leather and Tan Shoes. They are the nobbiest kept in the city. You can find them at the Manufacturers' Salesroom of Boots and Shoes, 25 Calhoun St. 2-4

Pretty new styles in Ladies' White Kid Slippers, $1.00, at Thing Co.'s, 25 West Main St.

Not Altogether Harmonious.

The choir was singing a new arrangement of the beautiful anthem, "Consider the Lilies." The pure, sweet voice of the soprano rose clearly and distinctly in the solo:

They toi-oi-oil not,
They toil not,
They toil not,
Ne-e-e-either do they spin.

She paused, and the tenor took up the strain:

Nee-ee-ee-either do they spin,
They toi-oi-oil not,
They toil not,
They toil not,
Nee-ee-ee-ther do they spin.

The tenor ceased, and the basso, a solemn, red haired young man, with a somewhat worldly looking eye and a voice like a foghorn, broke in:

Nay-ay-ay-ay-ther do they spin,
They toi-oi-oi-oil not,
They toil not,
They toil not,
Nay-ay-ay-ay-ther do they spin.

Then the voices of the three were lifted up in semichorus:

Ny-y-y-ther }
Nee-ee-ee-ther } do they spin,
Nay-ay-ay-ther }
They toi-oi-oi-oil not,
They toil not,
They toil not,
Ny-y-y-ther }
Nee-ee-ee-ther } do they spin.
Nay-ay-ay-ther }

"Brethren," said the gray haired, old fashioned pastor, when the choir had finished, "we will begin the service of the morning by singing the familiar hymn:

"And Am I Yet Alive?"

—Chicago Tribune.

SENSATIONAL MOVE

In the Trial of the Bidwell Criminal Libel Case.

One of the Jurors Charged With Improper Conduct and the Case Abruptly Ended.

When the circuit court convened this afternoon for the purpose of resuming the hearing of the evidence in the criminal libel case against W. P. Bidwell, the editor of the American Eagle, a very sensational, and, to the spectators, an unexpected occurrence took place.

At 2 o'clock, when the jury had just taken their seats, Judge O'Rourke turned to them and said that an affidavit had been filed charging one of the jurors, Joseph Hood, of Eel River township, with conduct which, if true, would disqualify him from acting as a juror in the case and delay the trial for the present.

Pending an investigation the jury was sent to their room and Mrs. Margaret Smith, living on Wells street in Bloomingdale, was called to the witness stand and examined by Hon. R. C. Bell, one of the attorneys for the prosecution. She said that she was at the house of Mrs. Hood in Bloomingdale yesterday afternoon about 6 o'clock, when Juror Hood entered, and that a conversation sprung up about the Bidwell case. She said that in the conversation Juror Hood cursed Senator Bell for his remarks about the A. P. A. in the court room, and later Hood said that an A. P. A. was better than eight Catholic priests, and that Bell ought to have his head bumped. Hood also said that Bidwell would not be convicted and that he was certain of that.

Attorney Chambers refused to cross examine the witness, objecting to the proceedings and taking exceptions to them.

The jury was then called in and Mr. Hood examined. He admitted to having talked about the case, but denied having made the remarks charged. He testified, however, that he did say that an A. P. A. was as good as a Catholic priest or any other man. He did not know that it was wrong for him to make such a remark.

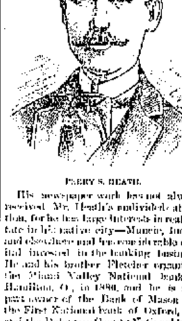
Judge O'Rourke reprimanded Juror Hood severely and dismissing the jury continued the case.

The effect of the ruling will be to continue the case until the next term of court, when its trial will take place before an entirely new jury. Attorney Chambers excepted to all the rulings, and hopes the proceedings will operate to secure his client's acquittal.

PERRY S. HEATH.

The Enterprising Young Journalist Who Now Controls The Commercial Gazette.

Perry S. Heath, who has acquired controlling interest in Murat Halstead's old paper, the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, is an experienced and brilliant newspaper man who is much better known to his brother journalists than to the world at large. He has distinguished himself in journalistic fields on many special occasions, but his achievements have generally been of the kind that newspaper men talk over and admire among themselves rather than write about for the information of the world of readers. Mr. Heath has been prominent among the newspaper correspondents at Washington for a number of years. He has made a reputation as a very versatile writer and an exceptionally expert newsgatherer. From 1883 to 1889 he was connected with the Washington bureau of the United Press, and in 1887 he went to Charleston and wrote up the great earthquake for that institution. He also went to Europe on one occasion, and out of the trip grew a book which he afterward published under the title of "A Hoosier In Russia."



PERRY S. HEATH.

His newspaper work has not always received Mr. Heath's undivided attention, for he has large interests in real estate in his native city—Muncie, Ind.—and elsewhere and has considerable capital invested in the banking business. He and his brother Fletcher organized the Miami Valley National bank of Hamilton, O., in 1880, and he is also part owner of the Bank of Mason and the First National bank of Oxford, O., and the Delaware County National bank of Muncie. The Heath iron building which he built at Muncie last year is considered one of the finest buildings in the state of Indiana.

Mr. Heath was born at Muncie in 1857 and is one of an unusually bright family of boys who have made their marks in the world. At the age of 14 he entered the newspaper business in regulation style as a printer's devil and in 1881 went to Dakota and started the first paper ever printed at Aberdeen. It is quite safe to predict that under his administration a new impetus will be given the business and influence of the famous old Commercial Gazette, so long the editorial home of such leading journalistic lights as Murat Halstead, the good Deacon Richard Smith and Samuel R. Reed.

Saving Him Trouble.

Mrs. Van Bright—You have become quite an adept in palmistry, I believe.

Young Squeezem—Yes, I have studied it for some time.

Mrs. Van Bright—Well, I have had a plaster impression taken of my daughter's hand, and, if you wish to study it, you can do so at your leisure. It will save you the trouble of a personal examination, you know.

The New Railroad Shops.

To the Sentinel:

If the petition to call an election in Wayne township to vote aid to the Fort Wayne and Eastern railroad is correctly published in this morning's Journal, there are two objections to its being granted as prayed for.

First: The railroad company is not required to erect and maintain its shops within Wayne township, but only to place them within one mile of the city limits, which may be in Adams township outside of the city.

Secondly: The condition is not sufficiently definite and imperative that the company shall permanently make the city a division point on its lines nor that the shops shall be permanently maintained here.

The taxpayers of Wayne township do not want to donate $150,000 and not receive the benefit of the taxation of the property they furnish the funds to build. Taxpayer.

Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Points South.

Take Lake Erie and Western Railroad. Two trains each day (except Sunday), 7:15 a. m. and 4:00 p. m. Telephone 104. E. S. Tinley,

264 Ticket Agent.

The largest and most complete line of Juliet, Nullifier and Oxford Ties kept in the city can be found at the Manufacturers' Salesroom of Boots and Shoes, 25 Calhoun St. 2-4

SUMMER SUITS,

NEW GOODS,

NEW Patterns.

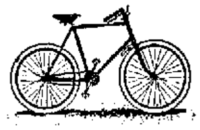
Just Received a Full line of New Summer Suitings.

Prices to Suit The Hard Times.

Call and Examine the Stock and Leave Your Measure before the Summer Rush Commences.

Fred Hardung,

N. W. Corner Main and Clinton Sts



THE REMINGTON BICYCLE.

J. W. BELL,

11 and 13 Columbia Street.

DR. T. J. DILLS,

No. 26 W. Wayne St.,

Makes a Specialty of all Diseases

—OF THE—

Eye and Ear

OFFICE } 9 to 12 a. m.
and
HOURS: } 2 to 5 p. m.

PAUL E. WOLF

33 and 35 Clinton Street,

Makes and Repairs Awnings,

Renovates Feathers,

Makes and Renovates Matresses,

Carpets, Cleaned, Washed Laid and Made Over.

Lowest Prices, - Phone, 404

Sheriff's Sale.

Execution No. 2,043.

In the Superior Court of Allen county, state of Indiana.

The Allen County Loan and Savings Association vs. Ellen A. Kelsey, William H. Kelsey.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed and delivered by the clerk of said court, in above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale at public auction, at the court house door in said county, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock p. m., of the 29th day of May, 1894, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described premises, viz:

Situate in Allen county, Indiana, and described as the north 150 feet of west 50 feet of the east 100 feet of the tract of land conveyed by William Rockhill to Joseph Denner by deed recorded on pages 146 and 147, vol. 31, of the deed records more particularly described as follows:

Commencing on the line of Main street at a point 100 feet west of the northwest corner of lot 207, Rockhill's second addition to the city of Fort Wayne, thence east on the line of said street 50 feet, thence south parallel with the west line of said lot (No. 207), 150 feet thence west 50 feet, thence north 150 feet to the place of beginning.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time, and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendants to satisfy said order of sale.

EDWARD F. CLAUSMEIER,
Sheriff Allen County.

Vesey & Heaton, attorneys. 525w2-5

Sheriff's Sale.

Execution No. 2,041.

In the superior court of Allen county, state of Indiana.

Paul F. Kuhne, vs. Jeremiah Hillegas, Mary E. Hillegas, otherwise called Mary E. Murrell, and others.

By virtue of an order of sale, to me directed and delivered by the clerk of said court, in the above entitled cause, I have levied upon and will expose for sale by public auction, at the court house door in said county, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock p. m., of the 29th day of May, 1894, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described premises, viz:

Lots twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25) and twenty-six (26), White's subdivision of Lillie's out lots, numbered twenty-six (26), in section twelve (12), in township thirty (30) north, range twelve (12) east, now included in the city of Fort Wayne, Allen county, state of Indiana.

And on failure to realize therefrom the full amount of the judgment, interest thereon and costs, I will at the same time and in the manner aforesaid, offer for sale the fee simple of the above described premises. Taken as the property of the defendants to satisfy said order of sale.

EDWARD F. CLAUSMEIER,
Sheriff Allen County.

C. W. Kuhne, attorney.

LINCOLN TEA

GIVES RELIEF IMMEDIATELY.

Sold by All Druggists.

THE NEW YORK HAIR BAZAAR

Hair Switches from $1 up

The largest assortment of Hair ornaments in the city. Face Powders of all kinds (Imported and Domestic)

MISS E. C. RODENBECK

No. 29 E. Washington St.

THE BOSTON STORE.

White Goods! - - White Goods!

We have a large and attractive stock of White Goods; a stock worthy of the attention of all buyers.

Special values in Nainsook checks at 5, 8, 10, and 12½cts.

Victoria and India Lawns at reduced prices.

India Dimities in stripes and checks.

We show one of the largest and best selected stocks of wash goods at lower prices than you can find the same goods elsewhere.

We are making special low prices on Lace Curtains this week.

We put on sale a line of Ladies' Waists in dark colors only 25cts, would be cheap at 50cts.

Underwear and Hosiery at special prices this week.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas at reduced prices.

Don't spend your money until you have seen our prices, as we can save you money on everything you can buy in Dry Goods.

William Hahn & Co.,

The Boston Store.

LAWN-MOWERS.

Continental--- High Wheel -Continental

Miller! New Quaker City! Euclid!

We have Thirteen kinds to select from, at prices ranging from $4.50 to $15.00.

Perfection Refrigerators

Cheaper and more Beautiful than ever

Screen Doors and Windows,

Call and Inspect Our Line Before Buying.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

Hardware -- 22 Calhoun St.

WE ARE NOT BLOWING! ! !

BUT SELLING

- Baby Carriages! -

BETTER IN

Design, Make, And Finish

—AND FOR—

Less Money

Than Anybody Else, Excluding None.

Call and See Our Line

At Nos. 12 and 14 EAST COLUMBIA ST.

PICKARD + BROS.,

Headquarters for

Stoves & Furniture.

IMPERIAL CROWN

25¢ PER POUND **Baking Powder** 25¢ PER POUND

WARRANTED. A PURE CREAM TARTER BAKING POWDER.

PURE FLAVORING EXTRACTS AND SPICES.

MEYER BROS. & CO. DRUGGISTS AND CHEMISTS.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Fort Wayne Fancy Steam Dye Works,

205 CALHOUN STREET.

Ladies' and Gents' Garments of Every Description Dyed, Cleaned and Nicely Pressed. Special attention paid to Fancy Dyeing of Ladies' goods.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED AND DONE ON SHORT NOTICE.

PAUL BAUMANN Dyer, J. O. CASWELL of Philadelphia, Propr.